# Morning Oregonian

VOL. XVI—NO. 33. PORTLAND, OREGON TUESDAY, MARCH 7, 1876. PRICE—TEN CENTS.

## EASTERN NEWS.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE OREGONIAN.]

### Charges against Orville Grant

St Louis March 6—The [illegible] will publish on the authority of men who have been engaged in frontier trading for the past 18 years some very interesting facts connected with this business. It is said that Orville Grant, brother of the President has been interested with Belknap in disposing of trading posts for money. Grant shortly after the appointment of Belknap as Secretary of War visited most of the posts on the frontier and cancelled all the licenses issued by Secretary Rawlins. Durfee & Peck, extensive government freighters and merchants on the frontier held [illegible] sutlerships at this time and were astonished at this unexpected change. Mr Peck moved to [illegible] the matter and found Orville Grant had full authority from the Secretary of War to dispose of all trading posts as he thought fit. Peck applied to Grant for authority to retain a certain post where his firm had invested large sums in buildings and goods and he would agree to it only in the [illegible] of so much cash down and a certain share of profits, practically the same arrangement that existed between Marsh and Evans & Co at Fort Sill. Peck refused to comply with these terms and both [illegible] received appointments at Fort Buford and Fort Peck. Leighton was appointed sutler at Fort Peck. The terms proposed by Orville Grant [illegible] required was so large that he lost money and afterwards offered to sell to Durfee & Peck. He had first to obtain permission to sell from Grant. This Grant refused and made easier terms with Leighton. The Fort Sully tradership was taken from Durfee & Peck and given to John T Athey. Athey paid all the money he had to get the post and was obliged to make terms with Durfee & Peck to run it. The latter firm leased it from him and carried on the business for a year when the profits accruing to Athey enabled him to run the business himself. Durfee & Peck had a tradership at Fort Sill but it was given to Evans & Co. Durfee & Peck at [illegible] tried to carry on business in opposition to Evans & Co but the officers of the post were forbidden to give the soldiers orders on any but Evans & Co and they were forced to abandon the post. Orville Grant went so far in his opposition to Durfee & Peck that he forbid those to whom he gave appointments to purchase the goods or buildings belonging to that firm. Grant also had an arrangement with the Interior Department by which he controlled many Indian trading posts. These he disposed of in the same manner as the sutlerships to the highest bidder. Grant was in the habit of visiting the military posts and the Indian trading stations every year to collect the money due him and his partner, Belknap, and for this purpose he had authority from Secretary Belknap to draw upon any military posts for ambulances, team and such aid as he might require. His authority was generally recognized, and he was greatly feared by all along the frontier. The authority for these statements is Dr Terry, for many years past actively connected with the firm of Durfee & Peck and who has spent much of his life on the frontier. He says the Congressional committee will open up a rich field if they will investigate affairs at Fort Buford.

## BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

### The French Cabinet.

London, March 6—The Paris correspondent of the *Times* says M Casimer Perrier, who was thought to have been accepted by MacMahon, and was at first very conciliatory, gradually, under private influence has increased his demands regarding the composition of the cabinet. This caused a rupture and it is now said M Ricard will take the ministry of the interior. This solution will admit of the formation of a cabinet before the opening of the chambers.

### The Turks and the Insurgents.

A dispatch from Ragusa to the *Times* affirms that the Austrian authorities consider the pacification of the Turkish provinces hopeless. The maltreatment of the Rayahs by the *Mussulmans* is increasing and the position is becoming more dangerous.

### Montenegro and the Insurgent Leaders

Vienna, March 6—A telegram reports that since M Rodich's return to Cattaro from Cettinje the Prince of Montenegro has declared his readiness to co operate in the efforts at pacification. M. Rodich will meet the insurgent leaders from Suttorino.

### Sanguinary Conflict in Servia.

On Monday a dispatch to the *News* from Vienna says it is rumored that a sanguinary conflict has taken place in Servia between the Communists and the military.

### Further Elections in France

London, March 6—A Paris dispatch to the *Times* reports that the Bonapartists have been elected at Bar Sur and Les Parre Pontevegue Aveyron second circuit Vrition Boulogne Eeguine. In the two latter districts M Dussango and Janvier La Motte were returned.

### Sale of the Vendome Column

A *Daily News* Paris dispatch says the sale of the property of the artist Corbet to defray the expense of rebuilding the Vendome column begins on the [illegible] inst. It is estimated that the property which is situated in the department of Dordogne [illegible] will yield $16,000, leaving a balance of [illegible] due the state.

### Business Failure.

London, March 6—James, Miller Son & Co dyers and leather dressers, have failed. Liabilities £[illegible].

## SOUTH AMERICA.

### Treaty between South American States.

Lisbon March 6—Intelligence has been received at Lisbon from Buenos Ayres by steamer to the effect of the treaty between Brazil, Argentine Republic and Paraguay, signed Feb 4th. The government at Buenos Ayres agrees to refer the questions affecting the territory between Pilcomayo and the Verde to the arbitration of the President of the United States. The treaty gives Corrito to the Argentine Republic, but that territory must be [illegible] in time of peace. The evacuation of Argentine territory by Brazil was to begin forthwith, and will probably be completed before the expiration of the term of five months specified by the treaty.

### Envoy of Paraguay at the Centennial.

Senor [illegible] has been nominated envoy of Paraguay to the United States and will represent Paraguay at the Centennial exhibition. It is probable that he will also be charged with a request to Gen. Grant to arbitrate between Paraguay and the Argentine States.

[illegible] South.—OPERATOR

## THE CATACOMBS OF ROME.

The new Italian people, the new civilization, the new Italian art, the new Italian literature begin in the catacombs of Rome. *There* is the origin of all that afterwards became great. It is there that the new people, the poor, the weak, children and women, the aged and the suffering, all whom the Roman patrician and the ancient historians despised in their pride as vulgus and plebs, are assembled. It is there the stranger, the oppressed, the persecuted, the converts, the threatened victims of the circus or the tortures of the emperors found a shelter and a house. There is a whole world of art and poetry in these catacombs. It is not poetry as yet perfect in form, precise in language, elegant in style, but there is in everything an effort to convey a sentiment under an image, to show the ideal in the reality, to give a symbol to architecture, to painting, to sculpture, and to the inscriptions. The way in which these innumerable galleries have been cut under the *Campagna Romana*, these intricate and confusing passages, diverging in every direction—a work of terror and necessity and yet glorious in their mysterious teachings, enjoying isolation from the world and the world's pleasure, speaking of hope in an immortal life which alone could make such an abode endurable. From this mystery, from this ideality arose the architecture of the new [illegible]. In the paintings which cover these walls [illegible] inexperience of the artist and the ignorance of the people, sometimes the traditions of a [illegible] reveal themselves in the images, yet through that ignorance, through those traditions you perceive the new idea, the new faith destined to animate and transform art. Faith is in the face, in the look, in the attitude of those figures which with eyes upturned and hands pointing to heaven are types of the new Christians, and no other than the Christian. You recognize the novelty of the Christian painting at every step by the intensity of [illegible], by the inspiration which animates those figures and which determines their [illegible] management, and suggests their forms. No picture of distress, despair or desolation is there, where desolation must have assumed its most fearful aspects. In those dark vaults you may see now the Good Shepherd gently bearing the young lamb in his arms showing his protection to the weak and innocent; now compartments in which are drawn subjects from the old and new testaments surrounded by garlands of flowers and fruit; now a Noah in his ark, a new Moses striking the rock, or Job on the dung hill or the miracle of Cana, the multiplication of loaves or Lazarus rising from the tomb. More frequently it is Daniel in the lions' den, a symbol of martyrdom by wild beasts, or Jonas ejected by the whale, a symbol of martyrdom by water, or the three children in the furnace, a symbol of martyrdom by fire. These scenes of triumph are [illegible] very evidently painted to give courage and consolation. [illegible] temporary persecutions [illegible] Christ's slaughtered [illegible] bloodshed to awake hatred and revenge while [illegible] of pardon, love and [illegible] predominant. This is Christian painting in the catacombs. This is a Christian [illegible]. We pass to sculpture. [illegible] without a trace of affectation and [illegible]. Sculptured figures with their glyphics [illegible] figures without proportion [illegible] except for the idea they represent. Thus a leaf expressed the brevity of life, a boat with a sail the rapidity of [illegible], a branch the approach of a better life. Here the chisel unable to represent the secret idea of the artist called in the assistance of language. Every word in the inscriptions betrays [illegible] which everything proves that it was the poor, the ignorant classes of the people which the new religion was about to regenerate. Latin inscriptions in Greek letters, faults of language, errors of construction, incorrect orthography, all reveal the mother, the sister, the father [illegible] cutting the expressions of their grief and of their hopes in the stone before which they fall on their knees and weep and groan. "Here in [illegible] happy little lamb of God," says one. "You left too early, Constance, miracle of beauty and goodness," said another, and so on. This was early Christian art and poetry, but from those miserable dens which the persecutors perhaps heard of with contempt a new civilization was about to arise. Rome was mined by a subterranean city and that city had mined the foundation of the Roman power.—*Macmillan's Magazine.*

## A GREAT DISCOVERY

A MACHINE WHICH MAKES GAS FOR FIFTY CENTS PER 1,000 FEET—WOOD AND COAL DISPENSED WITH.

[From the Chicago Tribune.]

The extortion of gas companies has caused people to look about them and to seek some mode of relief from these grasping monopolies, which have become so burdensome as to be almost unbearable. A most wonderful invention, scientific in its nature and simple in its maturity, has been patented December [illegible] 18[illegible] by Mr A J Griffin of Lowell, Mass., who is at present in this city and has apparatus on exhibition at No [illegible] West Madison street under the Tremont House.

Yesterday morning a *Tribune* reporter on his way down town dropped into the store. Here the gentleman has put up an ordinary cooking stove. In this he has placed a very simple retort with which are connected by means of pipes two miniature tanks, one holding water and the other carbon oil. The water and oil form a gas, the water, by a very simple process, being turned into very hot steam and transformed into gas. The beauty of this invention is at once seen in its grand simplicity. It is devoid of anything intricate, no fear of explosion, and a child can handle it. Its greatest merit does not exist in this however. To the stove is also connected a gas receiver and this fire at a price of a trifle less than fifty cents per 1000 feet generates the purest and whitest of gas, free from smoke or other impurities. It needs no complicated works of machinery to make the gas, and can be put right into the pipes already in any house and affixed to any stove. It can be used in any grate, stove or range, always making the hottest, quickest and brightest of fires, and never any smoke or ashes. Every thing is consumed.

The retort can be placed in a furnace and houses and hotels heated with it, and the heat regulated by the little valves on the pipes connecting with the oil and water tanks. The coal dust and care of the furnace are done away with at once. There is no dirt whatever and no smell of escaping gas. The fire is lighted in the fall and extinguished in the spring, only a little oil and water at times being used to replenish the tanks. Its cost is much less than coal and the advantages at once obtained are manifold. No person can have a perfect idea of this invention without seeing it. Steaks can be broiled, the house warmed and lighted all from the same little can of oil at so small a cost that it seems almost impossible. But the fact is there. The genius of the inventor has brought it into a possibility and scientific men who have seen it marvel at the perfection attained.

## DISINFECTING A BATTLE-FIELD

Here is a horrible description of how the stage has to be cleared after the curtain has fallen upon one of the acts of that vast tragedy called War. It was a hideous and terrible drama, that disinfecting of the battle field of Sedan, and one that might furnish the fearful text of a chapter entitled "The Morrows of Glory." A Belgian physician, Dr Guillery, has recounted the principal facts in a report published at Brussels. Historians never show anything but the radiance of the battle. The realism of these works displays its hideousness and its corruption. You dream of glory. Look, and behold a charnel house.

Seven months after the 1st of September 1870 the stench was so great around the battle field that the public health was in danger. Belgium became alarmed. Prince Orloff wrote to M Beranot that in the eighteenth century, in a war of the Turks against the Persians, swarms of insects nourished on decayed flesh brought a frightful epidemic into Russian provinces a hundred times further from the battle fields than Brussels is from Sedan. It was necessary to hurry, for the peasants had buried many bodies, both of men and horses, in summary fashion. The exhalations were horrible. People took in their hands a little yellow snow charged with bubbles of gas and when it melted it diffused an odor of corpses. Then in March, 1871, men dug and opened in the fields under the snow the *tumuli* of the dead. Feet still covered with huge boots and half decayed faces appeared here and there. Horrible things were discovered. A dog died at La Moncelle from having half devoured a corpse. The miasma of the battle field gave fevers to the poor. The dead avenged themselves, as Corneille says.

After having disinterred the corpses they were burned. Pitch mingled with petroleum was poured over these human remains and then [illegible]. Then all was said. From time to time a detonation was heard in the fire. It was some cartridge still inclosed in a cartouche box attached to a corpse and which exploded as though these enemies would fain continue the contest after death. And it was by thousands that these dead men, born to be happy and beloved and to [illegible] the rosy cheeks of their children, were buried. [illegible] Two hundred and seventy trenches [illegible] disinfected by M. [illegible] [illegible] corpses. That was not all. M. [illegible] [illegible] trenches and M. Creteur [illegible] therefore how many corpses [illegible].

## NOTES FROM SALEM

[illegible]

[illegible] March [illegible] [illegible]

Walter Jackson [illegible] morning [illegible]

A [illegible] opposite the Chemeketa hotel Saturday [illegible] caused a false alarm and brought out [illegible]

[illegible] Knight of the [illegible] delivered a lecture on immortality last evening, which was of deep interest to the large and appreciative audience [illegible]

Hon W. [illegible] Dunbar [illegible] lecture at Independence tomorrow and at [illegible] Wednesday evening. [illegible] temperance [illegible] tion

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Minister Schenck will arrive in New York about the middle of next week and will probably go before the investigating committee of the House for examination immediately.

## LIGHTNING PRINTS

Many remarkably tree-like figures have been found on the bodies of persons struck by lightning. MM Fossat and Leroy [illegible] reported to the Academie des Sciences a case of this kind and accounted for it by supposing that the lightning in its passage through the body had forced the blood into the vessels of the skin, and thus all the ramifications of these vessels were visible on the surface. Arago adopted a similar explanation in regard to a case which occurred in France much more recently. Two persons standing near a poplar tree were struck by lightning and on the breast of each were found marks closely resembling the branchlets of the poplar. More strictly belonging to those instances in which the lightning marks resemble familiar objects is one that occurred in a Somersetshire village in 1812. One version of the story is that six sheep reposing in a meadow surrounded by woods were killed by lightning and when the skins were taken from the animals a *fac simile* of a portion of the surrounding scenery was visible on the inner surface of each skin. The other version is that about turnip sowing time, a farmer and his men were engaged in the fields when a violent storm of thunder and lightning came on, and three out of four valuable rams, which had taken shelter under a tree, were killed. When the skins reached the fell monger, on the inside of each was found depicted a very accurate representation of the tree under which the animals had sought refuge. Although differing in details these two accounts probably relate to the same occurrence; the latter is perhaps more credible than the former, seeing that we can more readily believe an impression of a tree than of a landscape being thus produced. In 1846, at Graham's Town in South Africa, a flash of lightning struck the gable of a powder mill. The building contained a store of twelve tons of gunpowder in copper bound barrels packed in a cluster about four feet from the wall. The lightning ran along the wall of the gable beneath the floor, and out under the door sill. The mark of the flash, zigzag in shape, and directed at an angle of about eighty degrees, was plainly visible on the whitewashed wall of the magazine, resembling in color the stain produced by the explosion of a very light train of powder, and a small hole or crack was made in the earth where it entered. There was no tree mark or mystical mark here; the mark produced was evidently the zigzag path of the lightning itself. Signor Orioli brought before a scientific congress at Naples four narratives relating to lightning prints. In the first, lightning struck the foremast of the brigantine *Santo Buon Servo* in the bay of Armero; a sailor sitting under the mast was struck dead and on his back was found the impression of a horse shoe similar to one fixed at the mast-head. In the second, a sailor, in a somewhat similar position, was struck by a lightning flash on the left breast with the impression of the number 44, an almost exact representative of a number 44 that was at the extremity of one of the masts. In the third, a young man was found struck by lightning; he had on a girdle with some gold coins in it and images of these were imprinted on his skin in the order they occupied in the girdle. In the fourth, an Italian lady of Lugano was sitting near a window during a thunder storm and was struck, though in a way scarcely conscious to herself at the time; a flower which happened to be in the path of the lightning was perfectly reproduced or printed on her leg where it remained permanently. Among the thunder-storms described as having occurred in the West Indies, one, in 1842, was rendered remarkable by this phenomenon. A poplar tree in a coffee plantation was struck by lightning and on one of the large dry leaves was found imprinted an exact representation of some pine trees that stood three or four hundred yards distant. Whether this was really an "exact representation" or the product of an excited imagination not well controlled by accurate judgment is just the point which we cannot determine; the markings on the leaf may have been only the natural zigzagging of the lightning. In 1853 a little girl was standing at a window near which stood a young maple tree; a flash of lightning struck either the girl or the tree or both and an image of the tree was found imprinted on her body. In another instance, a boy climbed a tree to steal a bird's nest; a lightning flash struck the tree, the boy fell to the ground and "on his breast the image of a tree with the bird and nest on one of its branches, appeared very conspicuously." Scientific journals as well as those of more popular character contain a rich store of incidents more or less similar to the above. Dr Franklin stated in 1786 that about twenty years previously a man who was standing opposite a tree that had just been struck by lightning, (or as he called it by a thunderbolt) found on his breast an exact representation of that tree. M Poey, who has treated this subject somewhat fully in the French scientific journals, mentions twenty-four cases of lightning impressions on the bodies of men and animals. Of those, eight were impressions of trees or parts of trees, one of a bird and one of a cow, four of crosses, three of circles, or of impressions of coins carried about the person, two of horse shoes, one of a nail, one of a metal comb, one of a number or numeral, one of the words of a sentence, and one of the back of an arm chair. Where metal is concerned the production of images or fac similes may result more immediately from this rush of electricity which constitutes the passage of lightning. Wherever metal lies in the path the flash takes that route in preference to the one through wood, brick or stone, but if the metal be discontinuous or interrupted, strange markings are often produced on neighboring substances, similar in shape to the piece of metal just traversed. This may have been the case in the accident which befell a young man in Cuba in 1828; after a lightning flash, he found on his neck an imprint of a horseshoe similar to one nailed up on the window of a house near him. If the ornaments were of brass or some other metal we might perhaps place in the same category the narrative (one of those given by Poey) of a lady at her chateau of [illegible] in Lavendee. She was seated in her salon in November 1830 when a storm came on; lightning appeared and on the back of her dress was imprinted a *fac simile* of some ornaments on the back of a chair against which she was leaning. There is every reason to believe justly that many of the markings are nothing more than results of the forked zigzag course of the lightning itself. Mr Tomlinson in his interesting volume *The Thunderstorm* has gone somewhat fully into this subject. He had had occasion to observe the manner in which the disruptive charge of electricity from an electrical machine makes its path over a badly conducting surface such as glass, and was struck by the tree-like impression produced. He gives a wood cut representation of a surface struck by the flash or spark of a small Leyden jar, and it is impossible to avoid seeing how strikingly the markings assume the form of a tree. The [illegible] that in cases where persons struck by lightning have had tree like [illegible] their persons they have been hastily considered to be real images of [illegible]. It may however [illegible] persons who, struck [illegible], have received [illegible] marks or [illegible] [illegible]

## THANKS

[illegible] March [illegible] [illegible] tender their thanks to [illegible] Anthony for his generosity in allowing the use of his hall free of charge on the occasion of their celebration last evening. Also their thanks are due to [illegible] Ward, Rev. [illegible] and Hon. [illegible] for their excellent addresses on that occasion. COM OF ARRANGEMENTS

John McCarthy of Bismarck, Dakota, committed suicide recently by blowing out his brains with a rifle. No cause is known for the deed.

## THE CENTENNIAL BUILDINGS

[illegible]

[From the Philadelphia Times.]

The Exposition grounds contain four hundred and twenty acres and are nearly triangular in shape, being bounded on the north by Belmont drive, on the east by [illegible] avenue and on the southwest by Elm avenue. The total number of the Centennial buildings now completed, with those in course of construction and others not yet begun, is about one hundred, and the total area covered by the Exhibition buildings proper (that is not including restaurants or other buildings not intended to contain exhibits) will be about seventy five acres, which is nearly double the space covered by the buildings at the Vienna Exposition. The latter covered 38 acres, excluding inclosed courts; those of Paris in 1867 covered 41 acres; London 1862, 23 acres. The board fence bounding the grounds is 16,000 feet in length and contains thirteen entrances representing the thirteen original States. These entrances or gates will be ornamented and fitted up for the sale of tickets and will have self-registering turnstiles by which the exact number of visitors to the Exhibition can be easily obtained.

In a bird's eye view the buildings are seen to compose three distinct groups, one in each corner of the triangle. In the first are the following buildings, so nearly completed that the details of interior ornamentations yet to be finished are not worth mentioning: Main Exposition building, Art Gallery or Memorial Hall, Judges' Pavilion, Centennial Photograph Association building, office of the Centennial Commission and the Restaurant Bureau. Those well forward in construction or upon which work is just beginning are the Centennial National Bank, Vienna Bakery, photographic gallery, wagon and carriage manufactory, Japanese bazaar, extension to the Art Gallery, Dairymen's Association buildings, Brazilian Imperial Pavilion, German Government building and that of Clark & Co. The grounds will be dotted everywhere with cold water pavilions.

The second group contains the following buildings well completed: Machinery Hall, United States Government buildings, United States Laboratory, United States Hospital, office of the Centennial Board of Finance and the three buildings of the British Government.

Those well forward in construction are the Pennsylvania Railroad Company's Centennial depot, shoe and leather building, three machine shops (annexes of Machinery Hall), the C. I. A. Fountain, Tourists' Ticket Office, New York Pavilion, the nailless, spikeless, bamboo dwelling for the representatives of his Majesty the Emperor of Japan, and the pavilions of Connecticut and Massachusetts. Those upon which work either has begun or will shortly begin are Fuller, Warren & Co's building, Liberty Stove Works, Gillender & Son's glassware manufactory, West Point Cadets encampment, Loiseau's pressed fuel building, Trois Freres Provenceaux restaurant, Newspaper Buildings, United States Signal Service Pavilion, Spanish Government Building, and the State Pavilions of Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Wisconsin, New Hampshire and Delaware.

The buildings in the third and last group, which may be said to be finished, are Horticultural Hall, Woman's Pavilion, Women's School House, Southern restaurant, Lauber's restaurant, and American restaurant. Agricultural Hall, the largest in the group, would be ready for exhibits now had it not met with a misfortune shortly after the beginning of its erection, in having the framework of one of its wings blown down by the wind. It will be entirely completed before the middle of March. The buildings in this group, the erection of which will soon begin, are the pavilions of Kansas and New Jersey, the American Brewers' building, and the New England log house, in which the methods of conducting the old time and the modern kitchens will be placed in contrast.

A strong force of special police are stationed on the grounds but the organization of the regular Centennial Guard will probably not be effected before the end of April.

A STRANGE STORY.—To show anew that truth may be stranger than fiction the Chicago *Tribune* tells this story: "A remarkable occurrence took place last week on Wood street. A humble cottage on that street is tenanted by a young couple who last year made their bridal tour to California, Oregon and Washington Territory. While engaged in salmon fishing on one of the rivers the bridegroom was so unfortunate as to drop into its current a valuable diamond ring belonging to his wife. The loss of the gem was of course mourned, but after a while the incident was forgotten, nor was it recalled till last Thursday evening, when the young husband returning late at night from taking stock discovered that his wife had prepared for supper a can of salmon. Taking it up he looked carelessly at the label and said 'Why, Marion, this salmon was put up at that very place where I lost your ring last summer. Wouldn't it be odd if a salmon had swallowed it and been caught and canned at that very factory, and put into this very can, and we should find the ring in it?' His wife answered him jestingly, but he said 'I don't know how to account for it, but I have a sort of a presentiment that I shall find that ring yet in some such romantic manner.' She had scarcely said 'Don't be a goose, Gus,' when her eye caught the glitter of something metallic in the can, and she fairly screamed 'Goodness gracious me, what's that?' Her husband, who was scarcely less excited than herself, removed the foreign substance with a fork, when what was his surprise to discover that it was indeed a big lump of solder that in soldering the can had fallen into its contents."

MONTENEGRO AND MONTENEGRINS.—In Montenegro, as in prehistoric Greece, every man goes armed; every man dressed in the picturesque costume of his tribe carries his pistol and yataghan in his girdle. But if he can wield pistol and yataghan he can also turn either to his spade or to his pen. Here, and perhaps here only in the modern world, we can see the very model of a warrior tribe, a nation of a quarter of a million who have known how to maintain their independence with their own right hand, and who at the same time are making rapid strides to a higher place among civilized nations than some of the great powers of the world. They have of course been enabled to do what they have done by the nature of the country. It is because that Montenegro is Montenegro that Montenegro has remained free. Their mountains have been to them what other mountains have been to Schwyz and Unterwalden, what dykes and sluices have been to the no less stout hearted men of Holland and Zealand. The men doubtless could have done but little without the land, but the land could have done still less without the men. Away from their mountain fortress the handful of men who have preserved the freedom of Montenegro must have sunk into the common mass of Turkish subjects. But without these men of stout heart and strong arms who so long have guarded the heights which watch [illegible] the [illegible] or the hunting [illegible]

### MY FRIEND

After the German

[illegible] friend who [illegible]
A [illegible] to track
My faults, my small shortcomings with [illegible]
[illegible] if I [illegible]—
Although it seem not so—he's my friend.

But he who ever lauding gives me praise,
Who never rebukes, to censure, nor delays
To come with eagerness and grasp my hand
And pardon me, ere pardon I command,
He is my enemy, although he seem my friend.

—[illegible]

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Two young men named Williams, and another whose name is unknown, who started from Santa Ana, California, a few weeks ago for Arizona, were killed last week by the Apaches, near White Mountain, Arizona.

## OREGON

A census lately taken puts the population of Oregon City at 1,0[illegible]8.

Farmers are becoming a bit impatient at the delay in putting in grain caused by the continued rain.

A bar worth $1260, the result of fifteen days' work of the Virtue mill, was exhibited at Baker City last week.

The Ashland and Linkville road is in good condition and the mail wagons make regular trips through without any difficulty whatever.

Dudley Hillery, sent from Jackson county to the insane asylum a few months ago, has been discharged as cured and returned home Wednesday last.

The Democratic county committee of Lake has called a convention for the nomination of county officers to be held at Linkville on the 5th of April next.

John Orth of Jacksonville will shortly ship to San Francisco 1,000 pounds of deer skins, which will make about 3,000 pounds he has forwarded since November last.

On Tuesday, February 22d, Martin Peterson organized a subordinate Senate of the United Order of Reformers at Antioch, Jackson county, with twenty five charter members.

John Umbrosky, Great Sachem, organized a tribe of Red Men in Linkville on the 22d with seventeen charter members. The following are the officers elect: N. Stephenson, Sachem; John Gothrod, S. S.; H. B. Stafford, J. S.; J. W. Hamaker, C. of R.; Geo Nourse, K. of W.; John Dick, Prophet.

From a letter to C W Kahler, Esq., from Hon Lafayette Lane, the *Times* learns that the House committee on Indian affairs has reported adversely on the proposition to pay the damage done settlers by the Modoc Indians and that there is no prospect of getting these claims paid at present.

The Albany *Democrat* of Saturday says: C W Harvey, a brakeman on the down freight to day, while assisting in switching at the depot fell between two cars and only escaped instant death by catching in his fall an iron hand rod. His left shoulder was dislocated and it will be some days before he will be able to resume work.

Mr L P Cranston of Sparta reports to the Baker City *Democrat* that the Eagle canal is in good condition for opening as soon as the weather will warrant; the snow on the head of the canal in the mountains is very deep, and the ground is full of water. The prospects for a long and prosperous mining season is good and the prospect is that the mining season will commence early and last long. The placer mines in that section are extensive and rich and with plenty of water and a long run will give a good account of their richness.

The postoffice at Aumsville, Marion county, has been placed in new and more comfortable quarters while the postmaster, Mr Blackney, is acting justice of the district, hotel proprietor and manufacturer of agricultural implements. The Aumsville flouring mill and water power, including the water power at Turners, Messrs Turners have sold to a Mr Miller, lately from the East, and Messrs Cockerline & Co., consideration about $10,000, to take effect by the 10th inst. The change, it is claimed, raised the price of real estate at Aumsville twenty five per cent in one day.

## THE TERRITORIES.

The South Chariot mine near Silver City has at last turned out two bars of bullion, worth $2,602.

A printer from Nebraska is on his way to the Black Hills, and will start a paper at Custer City within a fortnight.

The Johnson mine, in Mohave county, Arizona, has been sold to a Boston company for $30,000, one half of which has already been paid.

During the last twenty days in February Wells, Fargo & Co shipped from Salt Lake City bullion valued at $137,511, the product of Utah mines.

A man named Maxey eloped with Mrs Tuber from California Gulch, Lake county, Colorado, a few days ago. Irate husband pursued, shot at Maxey. Poor shot, hit his wife. Maxey returned the fire and killed Tuber.

The weekly product of gold in Bingham, Utah, exceeds the total production of the Black Hills country and yet Bingham don't get up and roar around about it. Bingham is modest, the Black Hills country is cheeky and puts on frills.

The sheriffs of several counties in Washington Territory who have Territorial prisoners in charge complain that the present allowance of 85 cents per day is too small. They say they would much prefer not having any such prisoners placed in their care.

The Owyhee *Avalanche* of February 28th says: Operations in the Poorman mine are progressing as usual. The workmen are supposed to be near the level of the ledge that runs in the direction of the Belle Peck, and promising developments are expected soon.

On February 5th, says the Tucson *Citizen*, Mr Allison got in safely with his band of sheep from California. He started with some 1,200 head and thought he would be lucky to get through with two thirds of the band, but with ordinary care he succeeded in landing nearly or about 1,100 of them here.

A shooting scrape occurred at Boise City on Saturday before last, between two colored men, named Boone and Murray respectively. Murray used language not fit for ears polite to Boone, which the latter resented by emptying his revolver into Murray's corpus, inflicting serious but not fatal wounds.

The Silver City, Idaho paper says: About forty tons of Leviathan rock are lying at the Leonard mill and the quantity is being added to at the rate of about seven tons per day. The rock slides down the hill from the mine towards the gulch at a very lively rate, whence it is conveyed to the mill. The quality of the rock is first class and has been greatly improving of late. The Leviathan bids fair to become a magnificent bonanza.

## MATTERS AT OREGON CITY

Under date of March 6, our regular correspondent sends the following:

The Young Men's Christian Association has its rooms nearly ready for occupation.

The revival meetings here still continue at intervals. Union meeting at Pope's hall last night. It was well attended. Revs. Atkinson, Day and Hall conducting the services.

Our annual election of chief and assistant engineers of the O. C. F. D. comes off to day. The candidates for the first position are Geo. A. Harding, present incumbent, and John Myers; for the second J. M. Welch and H. Cochrane. The contest is lively and the chances are pretty even.

The political pot begins to bubble and will soon be boiling in this county. Many little slates are being made up and many anxious and some simple aspirants for official honors (and possibly emoluments) are busily engaged in rubbing out their neighbors' slates, straightening up past political records (Independent stock was well up in the market here at the last election, you well remember) and harmonizing elements. It doesn't require a prophet to see that if the leaders of the Republican party in this county desire to meet with certain and well merited defeat they need but to pursue strictly the aforementioned policy of preparing slates and harmonizing elements before the convention meets, to the exclusion of considerations of individual worth or capacity, as has been the custom heretofore to a lamentable extent.

## THE ASS WORTHY OF FAME

And now, my dear readers, let me tell you a story of another friend of mine, who was an ass, but not a savant. His name was Pierrot.

The frost was silvering the trees of the Park Monceau with dull white powder, like the head of a marquis of the old regime. It was in front of the Rotunda and 9 o'clock in the morning. The sun hung in the fog, like a globe of fire, but cast forth no beams. The wind was cruel to the poor world. People walked rapidly along the Boulevard de Courcelles; women veiled their faces and men drew their heads inside their collars. It was a day when a lover's sigh would have frozen in the air.

I was hurrying by like everybody else. A female rag picker, pale and famished, led by the bridle a poor little donkey which seemed a hundred years old and which dragged a poor little cart full of the rubbish of the street, rags, broken bottles, torn papers, worn out skillets, crusts of bread, the thousand nothings which are the fortune of rag pickers. The woman had done good work since midnight but the ass was ready to drop. He stopped short as if he had made up his mind to go no further. His legs trembled and threatened a fall. He hung his head with resignation as if awaiting the stroke of death.

The sight touched and arrested me. A man would have cursed and beaten the poor beast to rouse him; the woman looked at him with an eye of motherly pity. The donkey returned her look as if saying: "You see it is all over. I have done my best for you night after night because I saw your misery was greater than mine. You have treated me well, sharing your bread with me, and your neighbor's oats when you could steal any, but I am dying at last."

The woman looked at him and said gently: "Come, come, dear Pierrot, do not leave me here." She lightened the load by taking out a basket of broken bottles. "Come now," she said as if talking to a child. "You can get along nicely now!" She put her shoulder to the wheel, but the donkey did not move. He knew he had not the strength to walk to St Ouen, his wretched home. She still coaxed him. "How do you think we can get on this way, Pierrot? To be sure I could drag the cart. But I can't put you in it, and you would be ashamed to be dragged after it." The donkey raised his ears, but no more.

I was going to speak to her, when she ran to the nearest wine-shop. The ass followed her with anxious eyes. He seemed fearful that he would die without his mistress. He was so little you would have taken him at a distance for a Pyrenean dog. He had grown gray in the harness. A few tufts of gray hair remained here and there on his emaciated body. He looked like a mountain burned bare in many places. His resigned air showed a mind free from worldly vanities. He was far past the age where one strikes attitudes. He was almost transparent in his leanness. But his face was all the more expressive. It had something almost human in its intelligence and goodness. Why had he been condemned to such suffering? Was it the expiation of a former life passed in luxurious orgies?

The rag picker soon returned, bringing a piece of bread and a piece of sugar. The ass turned and showed his teeth like old piano keys. But although it was his breakfast time he had no more strength in his mouth than in his legs. She gave him the sugar. He took it as if to oblige her, but dropped it again, and the same with the bread.

"Ah! mon Dieu! What shall I do?" said the rag picker. She thought no more of her cart. She was full of anxiety for her friend Pierrot. "Pierrot!" she cried again. Two great tears came to her eyes. She took his head in her arms and kissed him like a child. The caress did what nothing else could do. The ass roused himself and brayed as in his best days. I feared it was only his swan-song. I approached and said to the woman, "You seem to be in trouble."

"Oh!" she said crying, "if you knew how I love this beast. I saved him from the butchers four years ago. In those days I had only a hod. I have raised seven children with my hook. The father is gone and one other, and my eldest daughter was taken away a fortnight ago. My worst grief was that I had to take one to the Foundlings—I had eleven in all—four of them died at the breast. It's no use, you can't have good milk and work in the streets all night. This little donkey has been my consolation. He was better company than my husband. He never got drunk, and never beat me, and I never beat him. Did I, Pierrot?"

The poor little beast appeared to share in the conversation. He half raised his ears and assented. One of my friends passed by and asked me what I was doing. "I am making a new friend." "He may be witty, but he is not handsome." "I find him admirable, and I would like to see you in his place. He has been out since midnight. Here, you want to help me in a work of charity?" "With all my heart."

"Very well. Let us buy this ass and put him on the retired list. This good woman will take care of him." The rag-picker looked at us severely, fearing we were laughing at her. But when she saw the shine of the Louis d'or she smiled. "How much did Pierrot cost?" "Ten francs." "Well, you go back to the abattoir and buy another ass and take good care of this one." I gave my card to the woman and said good by to her and the donkey. The miracle was complete. The ass started off in high spirits, the woman pushing the cart from behind.

That evening the poor woman came to me in tears. I understood at once. "Ah, Sir, he is gone!" "Poor Pierrot." "Yes, Sir, we got to St Ouen one way or another. But when he came in sight of our hut he fell on his knees. I tried to raise him but this time it was all over. My children came running and crying. They talked to him and kissed him. He looked at them so sadly as to break our hearts. I tell you, there are lots of people in the world not worth half so much as poor Pierrot. Think of it, he wanted to die at home after finishing his day's work. Like a soldier who dies after firing his last cartridge."

The ragpicker opened her hand and I saw the money I had given her in the morning.

"Here are your hundred francs, Sir."

I do not know whether I most admired her or the donkey—the ass who did his duty to death or the woman more delicate than our charity. ARSENE HOUSSAYE.

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Bogardus succeeded in slaughtering 96 out of 100 birds at a recent match. Who'll shoot him?

GEO H CHANCE. J. WELCH

**CHANCE & WELCH,**
Dentists,
Office—FIRST STREET,
(Odd Fellows Temple.)

K. of P.—Excelsior Lodge No. 1, meets every Wednesday evening at 7½ o'clock in Castle Hall, corner First and Taylor streets. Members of Sister Lodges and sojourning brethren are cordially invited to attend. THEO BARKER, C. C.
LEE F. A. SHAW (P. C.) K. R. S. [illegible]

BILIOUS DISORDERS, LIVER COMPLAINTS, COSTIVENESS, DYSPEPSIA, &c., are speedily removed by Dr Jayne's Sanative Pills. Thirty years use has proved their superiority to all other remedies for the cure of the various diseases for which they are recommended. In their action they are mild and certain, and may be taken at any time without risk from exposure.

**The Early Stages of Disease**

Those conditions of the body in which its functions are not performed with healthful activity (as sluggishly and irregularly), are in fact the early stages of disease. [illegible] the result of local or general weakness which can only be permanently overcome by an efficient tonic. There is no medical fact more clearly established than that Hostetter's Stomach Bitters are admirably adapted to infuse vigor into the debilitated system and to restore regularity to its interrupted functions. As weakness and irregularity are sure to develop into disease, the Bitters, by overcoming them, are the means of averting far more serious evils. Debility most frequently manifests itself in the organs of digestion and evacuation, two important offices, whose vigorous performance is insured by the Bitters, which also rectify weakness or irregularity of the bladder or kidneys and fortify the system against malaria.

**MRS. KING,**
**DRESS MAKER,**
Up Stairs over Mrs Warner's Store, Third and Morrison streets. fe22d1m

## BRIDGE MEETING AT JEFFERSON

JEFFERSON, March 4 1876.

In pursuance of notice the people of Jefferson and vicinity met *en masse* in Jefferson to-day at 1 o'clock P. M. to take into consideration the propriety of building a bridge across the north fork of the Santiam river at Green's ferry on the road leading from Jefferson to Scio.

N. R. Doty, Esq., was called to the chair, and W. T. Rigdon chosen secretary.

Hon Jacob Conser stated the object of the meeting and the necessity of appointing a committee to wait upon the county commissioners and present the claims of the people through a petition and subscription, which have already been circulated and largely signed for said bridge. Mr Conser spoke at length, giving the reasons why boats have not made regular trips to this point for the last two or three years. A bridge as proposed would increase the amount of business in Jefferson, and would insure enough freight to and from Jefferson to justify a steamboat to make regular trips, and it would be to the interest of all to ship by water, as the charges are much lower by river than by rail. Capt Scott had promised to come to this point at any time for 75 tons of freight and would carry it out at the same rate as charged from Albany. He had brought from Capt Scott the following

CERTIFICATE

*To Whom it may Concern:* I hereby certify that I recently navigated the Santiam river as far as Jefferson with the steamboat *City of Salem*, and ascended so far without difficulty. I pronounce the river in my judgment navigable for at least eight months in the year and in comparison with the waters of the Willamette it is as good as that portion from Corvallis to Harrisburg, and *better* than that portion from Harrisburg to Eugene City.

H B SCOTT, Captain.

ALBANY, March 2 1876.

Messrs A. S. Miller & Son, of Eugene City, contractors and builders of bridges, had visited the sight of the proposed bridge and estimated the cost of the same to be about $11,000, nearly one fourth of which had already been subscribed by the citizens of Marion county and about the same by the citizens of Linn county. Certainly the county courts of said counties would appropriate the balance respectively, and thereby confer a favor upon a large portion of Marion county and nearly one third of Linn county.

The farmers have their warehouse in Jefferson and should have free access to the same. They have at their convenience plenty of splendid material for making a good winter and summer road from Jefferson to the forks country, and this they will do when they have a good bridge across this dangerous stream. The views of all present seemed to coincide with the facts presented by the speaker, and all seemed favorably impressed with the idea of appointing a committee to look after their interests.

The meeting then appointed E. N. Thomas, Jacob Conser and J. M. Harrison to present the claims of the petitioners to the county court of Marion county and urge that honorable body to make the required appropriation, which is but just and reasonable.

The meeting was a very pleasant and profitable affair, all old bones of contention being dropped and a unity of action manifested in favor of the new and *necessary* enterprise, and all looked forward with fresh hope to the nearness of the day when the rights of the south side of the county will be recognized as those of the north side have been.

N. R. DOTY, Chairman.
W. T. RIGDON, Secretary.

A. P. HOTALING, San Francisco. } { E. C. LORD, Portland.

**A. P. HOTALING & CO.,**
Sole Agents for the
J. H. CUTTER
**Old BOURBON WHISKY**
And Importers of
FINE WINES AND LIQUORS.
431 Jackson St., San Francisco
And 25 Front Street, Portland, Oregon.

**WHEELER & WILSON**
**No. 6, Family, and No. 7**
**SEWING MACHINES,**
Does a Greater Range of Work than any Machine in the Market.
NO SHUTTLE! NO NOISE!
95 Third street, Portland.
d25d&w

DANIEL J. MALARKEY,
**Produce Commission Merchant**
Wholesale Dealer in Foreign and Domestic
**Green and Dried Fruits.**
Jobber in
Staple Groceries, Provisions, Butter, EGGS AND CHEESE.
An extra choice lot of Smyrna Figs in kegs, baskets and boxes, Cheap and Good.
Wanted—3000 Boxes Yellow Newtown, Winesap, Red Cheek Pippin Apples for shipping—no others. Write for prices and give varieties and quantity of each offered for sale.
OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE
No. 30 First Street, bet. Ash and Pine.
fe17d&w1m

A Certain Cure for
**EPILEPTIC FITS**

TO THOSE AFFLICTED I WILL SEND a sample bottle of my Medicine free of charge with full directions. All communications strictly confidential. Address S. I. ANDREWS, Postoffice Box 296, San Francisco.

**OR SPASMS.**

JAS. L. KING, Notary Public. EDW'D CHATTIN, Commissioner for Oregon.

**KING & CHATTIN,**
(Successors to F J Thibault, deceased.)
Notaries Public, Commissioners of Deeds
For all the States and Territories,
CONVEYANCERS,
REAL ESTATE AND GENERAL AGENTS
Office—444 California St., San Francisco, California.
Particular attention given to the taking of Depositions. de19d&mlpw6m

EX JANE A. FALKINBURG,
From Honolulu direct
**2,000 Kegs Island Sugars,**
Assorted Grades.
For sale by ALLEN & LEWIS.
fe1od1m

NOTICE.

INTENDING TO LEAVE ON THE SECOND Steamer in March and being in need of funds to make my Spring purchases, I would call the attention of parties having book account with me that to settle them is now the time.
feb29d8t P. V. FRIDAGH

The Daily Oregonian.

TUESDAY MORNING MARCH 7 1876

## CONSIDER

The present condition of the political and social world startles and alarms every thoughtful patriot. In looking over the whole field nothing is so conspicuous as the disregard of principle and the love of luxury everywhere apparent. The newspapers teem with reports of business failures caused by reckless and extravagant living, of defalcations and thefts by men whose habits of life are inconsistent with honesty and virtue, of the immorality of great preachers, of the infamy of high officials who have betrayed the confidence of the people and brought shame upon the nation, and of suicides of men and women who, having sinned, know no other refuge from remorse than death. The whole country seems to be filled with corruption. From every quarter come charges of bribery and theft, violence and disregard of law. The Ku Klux, the Molly Maguires, the villainies of Tweed—the Credit Mobilier, the scandal of Beecher—the thefts of Winslow, the outrages of Moses, the whisky ring, the infamy of Belknap, show how widespread is the corruption which curses the nation and shames the people in the eyes of the world. It is time for us—for all who have the country's interest at heart to ask what causes this degraded state of the country, and to strive as patriots not simply to remedy the evil but to make it impossible to occur again.

It is commonly said that it is the politicians who cause this shameful corruption. It may show itself more plainly in them, but are we, the people, wholly innocent in the matter? Who make the politicians? Who support, encourage and applaud them? Who pay the bribes they receive? Who receive the bribes they pay? Who fill the parlors of a public officer who, without private estate, lives at an annual expense three times greater than his salary and still grows rich? And when the time comes for choosing the men who shall rule over us and make our laws, do we, the people, fulfill our duties as citizens? Do many of us even care to think what our duties are? It is well to heap up wealth as an inheritance for succeeding generations, but is it well so to forget the duties and shirk the responsibilities of citizens that that inheritance shall be rendered valueless by official corruption and misrule?

These are considerations not addressed to partisans but to patriots. There are such, and very many of them, in the land, and it is time for them to awake and stir themselves. Eternal vigilance is the only price of liberty.

## IMPROVEMENT OF THE MOUTH OF THE MISSISSIPPI.

Some months ago Capt. J. B. Eads presented a plan to the government for the improvement of the channel at the mouth of the Mississippi river, and obtained leave to make a trial of it on condition that he was to bear the whole expense of making the trial, and to be reimbursed only in event of the plan proving successful.

The method by which Capt. Eads proposed to effect the desired improvement was in the main similar to that adopted by European engineers to deepen the channel of the Danube, at the mouth of which river existed the same obstacles which have given so much trouble to shipping masters seeking to enter the Mississippi. The entrance to the Danube having been greatly improved, Capt. Eads, after a careful study of the whole subject, concluded that the same means which proved so efficacious there would be equally so with our river and made the proposition to the government above stated.

The cause of the existence of the wide and constantly shifting bar at the mouth of the great inland river is easily understood. The immense volume of water flowing with a rapid current through a soft or loamy country brings down with it a vast quantity of alluvial matter, which while it flows swiftly the stream holds in suspension, but which as soon as its current is checked, it immediately deposits. As long as the stream is restricted within a comparatively narrow channel its current is sufficiently strong to carry along with it the matter held in suspension, but when the river leaves the main land and empties its waters into the Gulf of Mexico, it spreads itself over a wide expanse, the onward force of its current is lost and it is no longer able to bear up and carry before it the mud it has brought down from the valley through which it flowed, and the wide and constantly shifting bar is formed.

Capt. Eads' plan was to contract the waters of the Mississippi at the place of discharge and to continue, if we may use that term, the force of its current until the silt or other alluvial matter held in suspension should be carried so far to sea that it would be taken up by the eastward gulf current and borne by it out of the way of ships entering the river. The mechanical contrivances he adopted for the accomplishment of this purpose were jetties so placed as to turn the current of the river in the desired direction and perpetuate its force for a sufficient time to enable it to carry the alluvial matter far enough to sea to be acted upon and borne eastward by the gulf stream.

It has been some time since they finished and Capt. Eads has recently received the gratifying intelligence that the channel has already been deepened eight feet and the entire success of his plan is no longer a matter of doubt.

The benefits likely to result from this vast improvement of the Mississippi are too great to be easily calculated, and Capt. Eads should have, as he deserves, not only an ample pecuniary reward for his skill and courage, but the applause and thanks of the whole country.

The Column Vendome was overthrown by the Communists while they had possession of Paris after its capture by the Germans. After the Communists were overcome by the government of Thiers measures were taken to restore the column and replace the statue of Napoleon which surmounted it. The work of repairing the statue was entrusted to the artist Corbet, who it is charged has willfully injured it in such a manner that, unless taken down and properly repaired, it will not stand a year in its present position. Proceedings were instituted to recover damages of Corbet for this malicious injury and the telegraph brings us news of the sale of his farm and pictures to pay the judgment recovered against him.

The fanaticism of the Musselmans in the insurgent Turkish provinces is such as to preclude all hope of a satisfactory settlement of the existing troubles. When the firman of the Porte granting the reforms recommended in Count Andrassy's note was promulgated in these provinces the Musselmans were so incensed that they rose in a body and maltreated and drove the Christians from their homes. Of course such conduct will have to be punished, but the trouble will not even then be at an end, for there appears to be so much hatred felt by the Musselmans for the Christians that it will be impossible for the two parties to live in peace in the same community.

It is reported that Orville Grant, brother of the President, is deeply implicated in the iniquitous post tradership selling business. The person making the charge against him is a member of the firm which held the Fort Sill tradership before it was sold by Mr Belknap to Marsh. The statement of Dr Terry should, however, be accompanied with caution as being made by a man who evidently has no good will for the accused.

## WOOL

SALEM, March 4, 1876.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

Two circulars have been placed in my hands from Justice Bateman & Co., of 122 South Front street, Philadelphia, in which I am required to send a list of names of gentlemen who produce wool or deal in it in this State or Washington Territory, in bulk of not less than 5,000 pounds or more, if they can furnish it. The town or postoffice, county and State are required in order. I suppose that the above firm may open up a correspondence with each man whose name would be sent to them. I have forwarded the names of some fifty men to them from Linn, Douglas, Marion, Polk, Yamhill, Wasco, Walla Walla, Yakima, Umatilla and Lane counties. I obtained my information from the most reliable sources. But there are probably two hundred or more men in Oregon and Washington Territory who could, by producing or by purchase, furnish each 5,000 pounds or more of wool this season.

The object of this communication is to bring before the public the fact that there will be a foreign demand for our wool this year. Any person who may wish to do so can address the firm whose address I have given, in reference to terms, etc. It is well known that the wool trade here has been to some extent controlled by a few speculators or middle men.

The vast increase of sheep in Oregon and Washington Territory, for three years past, has swelled the aggregate bulk of our wool to large dimensions. Wool now is one of our staples of commerce and direct sales will now be made by our wool producers and dealers to foreign buyers. No longer will our wool be sold to California speculators, and then assorted and all the best of it marked "California wool," and the refuse article "Oregon wool."

Our wool, like our wheat, fish and flour, is equal, if not superior, to any such articles in America or Europe. I rejoice that a brighter day is dawning upon us in the Northwest.

DAVID NEWSOME.

## LITERARY SOCIETIES

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

Will you be so kind as to grant me enough room in your valuable paper to make a few remarks concerning literary societies? I have been greatly impressed of late with the apparent distant feeling of one society for another throughout the State. With twenty or thirty organizations, and more than that many transient ones, it seems to me that a convention would not be an impossibility, also that it would work a great good. The ways in which good would result are not to be overlooked with impunity. Societies would be brought into closer contact, become acquainted with each other, better plans would be fostered, a healthy competition would spring up and it would be but a few years until Oregon would stand side by side with any of her sister States in the excellence and stability of her literary societies. It may and I doubt not but that it will be claimed by some that this is the wrong time of year to speak of such a subject, but when we take into consideration the fact that almost all the societies will adjourn in a short time to talk matters into shape for definite action, also that it might be a good time during the Christmas holidays for the convention, I can say I hardly think it is too early. On this subject it is to be hoped, however, that I will not be the only person to speak, but that others will give vent to their thoughts.

W. G. STEEL.

## SECRETARY OR PRIVATE SECRETARY?

FORT VANCOUVER, March 6, 1876.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

Will you please decide through the columns of your paper the following:

A contends that General Babcock was, prior to his arraignment at St. Louis, *private* secretary to the President. B contends that General Babcock was *secretary* and Luckey private secretary. Which is correct?

By answering this question in your next issue you will greatly oblige

A SUBSCRIBER.

*Answer*—President Grant in his deposition in the Babcock case, described Gen. Babcock as his private secretary.

## NEW TO-DAY.

### WANTED,

BY A WIDOW LADY, TWO CHILDREN TO take care of. Can give references. Address MRS. MEARS, S. W. cor. Third and Clay streets, City.

**Tiger Engine Co. No. 5.**—Will hold its regular monthly meeting on this (Tuesday) evening, at 7½ o'clock. F. MENDENHALL, Sec'y.

**Vigilance Hook and Ladder Co. No. 1.**—Regular Meeting this Evening, Mar. 7, at 7½ o'clock. G. H. CLARKE, Secretary.

**Columbian Engine Co. No. 3.**—Regular meeting this Evening, March 7, at 7½ o'clock. THOMAS NEALLY, Secretary.

**St. Andrews Society of Oregon.**—Regular meeting this Tuesday evening at 7½ o'clock, at the office of Corbitt & Macleay. ROBT. COLLIER, Sec'y.

**Ecru Lace,** Netting, Bows, Ties, Jabots, and other novelties for sale at 107 Third street by JOHN WILSON.

### WINDOW GLASS.

1,000 BOXES ASSORTED SIZES, from 7x9 to 8x10. At the Lowest Market Rates.

## HODGE, CALEF & CO.,

DEALERS IN

**Drugs, Paints, Oils and Glass,**

**75 Front Street.**

### BLUE VITRIOL,

AT THE LOWEST MARKET PRICE.

T. A. DAVIS & CO.,

Dealers in Drugs, Paints, Oils and Glass, 71 Front street.

## NEW SPRING CALICOS

AT

**CLARKE & HENDERSON'S.**

## NEW TO-DAY.

### TO LET.

THREE DESIRABLE BRICK STORES ON Front street, Nos. 5, 6 and 7, Central Block. Will be leased separately or together at low rates. Inquire of PARRISH & CORNELL, No. 92 Front st, Portland, Oregon. m7d1m

**Oregon Furniture Manufacturing Co.,**

Manufacturers and Importers, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

**Furniture, Bedding, Carpets, Paper-Hangings, Oil-Cloths, Mirrors.**

Warerooms corner Yamhill and First streets.

Agents for School Desks—the Folding, Pearl and Gem Desk. These Desks have no superior for comfort and durability; all sizes for large and small scholars. Teachers' Flat Top Desks, ash and walnut. Counting House Desks, Standing Desks, President Desks, 4 sizes, Drop Leaf Desks from $15 to $35. High and Low Stools and Revolving Stools, Revolving Office Chairs. Every description of Office Furniture made of native and foreign woods by the O. F. M. CO.

**Steam Factory, Cor. Madison and Front.**

## NEW GOODS.

### A 1 Sugar Cured Hams, Nick-Nack Crackers. Canned Asparagus.

For sale by

HACHENEY & STEMME,

Dealers in First Class Groceries,

Corner Taylor and First sts.

### Ordinance No. 1747.

AN ORDINANCE TO PROVIDE FOR THE TIME and manner of improving that part of Stark street lying between Second and Fourth streets.

The City of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. The proposed improvement of that part of Stark street lying between the center line of Second street and the center of Fourth street shall be completed as hereinafter provided on or before the first day of May, 1876.

Section 2. The surface of the street shall be cleared of all timber, plank or other obstructions, (sidewalks of the proper width and grade, and otherwise in good condition, excepted). If the obstructions are not removed within three days after notice from the Superintendent of Streets they shall be removed by and become the property of the contractor.

Section 3. The improvement shall consist of grading, laying sidewalks where necessary and planking the entire roadway and intersections, with box gutters across the intersections.

Section 4. The grading and planking of the roadway and intersections shall correspond as nearly as practicable to the provisions of sections No. 1, 2, 6 and 7 of Ordinance No. 1200, entitled "an Ordinance to provide for the time and manner of improving that part of C street lying between North Fourth and North Sixth streets."

Section 5. The provisions of sections 7, 11 and 12 of Ordinance No. 703, entitled "an Ordinance in relation to the improvement of streets," shall apply to the manner of laying the sidewalks and to all lumber and material used in the improvement provided for by this Ordinance.

Section 6. The contractor shall take entire charge of the work during its progress and shall be responsible for any loss or accident resulting from carelessness or neglect.

Section 7. The improvement shall be completed to the satisfaction of the Committee on Streets and Public Property and the Superintendent of Streets.

Section 8. The Committee on Streets and Public Property are hereby authorized to advertise for, receive proposals and enter into contract with the lowest responsible bidder or bidders for the improvement specified in this Ordinance.

Passed the Common Council March 1, 1876.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

Approved March 3, 1876.

J. A. CHAPMAN,
Mayor.

m7d5t

### Ordinance No. 1748.

AN ORDINANCE TO PROVIDE FOR THE TIME and manner of improving that part of Pine street lying between the west line of Fourth street and the west line of Sixth street by putting in a sewer at the expense of the property benefited.

The city of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. That the proposed improvement of that part of Pine street lying between the west line of Fourth street and the west line of Sixth street by putting in a sewer, shall be completed in the manner hereinafter provided on or before the first day of August, 1876.

Section 2. That portion of the street necessary to be used for digging the trench shall be cleared of all obstructions (except gas and water mains) at the expense of the contractor, who shall, after the pipe is laid and the trench filled, replace the pavement and all portions of street improvements disturbed, leaving the street in as good order as the same may be at the time of commencing the work, except such portion as the Committee on Streets and Public Property may direct to be omitted for the purpose of making other improvements.

Section 3. The improvement shall consist of putting in a sewer of Terra Cotta pipe of nine inches inside diameter from the west side of Fourth street to the west side of Sixth street, with catchwater basins, manholes, lampholes, sockets and branches at such points as the Committee on Streets and Public Property may designate, the work to be done and the materials furnished to be strictly in accordance with the plans and specifications on file in the office of the Auditor and Clerk marked "Plans and specifications for a sewer in Pine street."

Section 4. The expense of said sewer shall be assessed to the property directly benefited thereby, and H. C. Leonard, C. W. Burrage and J. J. O. Lownsdale are hereby appointed to make such assessments as provided by section 106 of the Charter—said assessment to be made at the time and in connection with the assessment provided for by Ordinance No. 1670.

Section 5. The contractor shall take entire charge of the work during its progress and shall be responsible for any loss or accident resulting from carelessness or neglect.

Section 6. The Committee on Streets and Public Property are hereby authorized to advertise for proposals, receive bids and enter into contract with the lowest responsible bidder or bidders for the improvement specified in this Ordinance.

Section 7. The improvement shall be completed to the satisfaction of the Committee on Streets and Public Property and the Superintendent of Streets.

Passed the Common Council March 1, 1876.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

Approved March 3, 1876.

J. A. CHAPMAN,
Mayor.

m7d5t

### Ordinance No. 1749.

AN ORDINANCE AUTHORIZING A LEASE OF Block No. 13.

The city of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. The Committee on Streets and Public Property are hereby authorized to lease Block No. 13, in the city of Portland, to L. G. Pfunder for the purposes of a Floral Garden, for the term of three years from April 1, 1876, at an annual rent of not less than one hundred dollars and upon such terms and conditions as to improvements and the care thereof as they may deem expedient.

Passed the Common Council March 1, 1876.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

Approved March 3, 1876.

J. A. CHAPMAN,
Mayor.

m7d5t

### Ordinance No. 1740.

AN ORDINANCE MAKING APPROPRIATIONS for the relief of certain persons.

The City of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. Certain persons having during the year 1875 furnished materials and performed labor for the removal and repair of a house in the Public Park, under the impression that the person or persons ordering and procuring the same were duly authorized to contract therefor, and said work and material being a benefit to said property, the following sums are hereby appropriated out of the special fund known as the Park Fund for the relief of said persons and the full payment of the claims for said work and material, viz:

| | |
|---|---|
| Stimson & Co—lumber | $[illegible] |
| Henschuch & Schmidt—nails | 8 48 |
| Estate of J. M. Pryor—shingles | 18 00 |
| Everding & Farrell—doors and windows | 16 15 |
| C. C. Holiday—zinc pipe, &c | 4 40 |
| A. Zumwalt—labor | 15 00 |
| W. Glaco and Joseph Allen—hauling | 10 00 |
| | $[illegible] 58 |

Passed the Common Council March 1, 1876.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

Approved March 3, 1876.

J. A. CHAPMAN,
Mayor.

m7d5t

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed administrator of the estate of Joseph Reilley, deceased. All persons having claims against said estate are required to present them to me at the City of Portland within six months from the date hereof.

J. J. CROHMAN.

Dated March 1, 1876. m6law4t

### DISSOLUTION.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXISTING between D. W. Williams and Geo. L. Myers was dissolved by mutual consent March 1st, 1876. All persons indebted to the late firm will please make immediate payment. Either of the late firm are authorized to sign in liquidation.

WILLIAMS & MYERS.

March 1, 1876.

### CAPTAIN'S NOTICE.

BR. BK. DOUNE CASTLE, CAPT. J. McDIARMID, from San Francisco. Neither the Captain nor the undersigned consignees of the above named vessel will be responsible for any debts contracted by the crew.

m2d3t RODGERS, MEYER & CO.

## AMUSEMENTS.

## GRAND CONTINENTAL BALL.

BY

## Baker & Canby Post No. 1, G.A.R.

### AT TURN HALLE,

**MARCH 10, 1876.**

**Committee of Arrangements.**

GEO. C. SEARS, G. W. JOHNSON, JOHN A. CROUCH, H. B. OATMAN, FRANK STORY.

**Reception Committee.**

T. H. WOODWARD, WM. KAPUS, E. SAUNDERS, W. S. NEWBURY, VAN B. DeLASHMUTT.

**Floor Committee.**

GEO. C. SEARS, JOS. LEGRAND, JOHN A. CROUCH, THEO. BARKER, C. J. DUBOIS.

**TICKETS** (Admitting Gentleman & Ladies) $1 50.

Proceeds to be applied towards defraying expenses of Decoration Day, May 30, 1876. m6td

## SIXTEENTH ANNUAL BALL

ERIN GO BRAGH

OF THE

## Portland Hibernian Benevolent SOCIETY,

### AT TURN HALLE,

### Friday Eve, March 17, 1876.

**Reception Committee.**

Frank Coffey, Dan C. Hoss, Philip Reed, J. J. Gordon, F. Coakley.

**Floor Managers.**

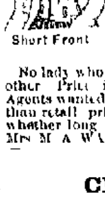
John M. Gearin, W. J. Quirk, Joseph Lonard, J. J. Winters, M. Moynihan, N. O'Neill.

**Tickets, admitting Lady and Gent, $3 50.**

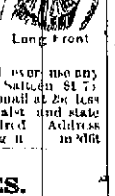
## Dr. Warner's Sanitary Corset

**With Skirt Supporter and Self-Adjusting Pads.**

Secures HEALTH and COMFORT of body, with GRACE and BEAUTY of form.



Short Front



Long Front

Patented Sept. 28, '75, And Jan. 11, 1876.

No lady who tries this Corset will ever use any other. Price in London Cord $[illegible], Sateen $1 75. Agents wanted. Samples sent by mail at 25c less than retail price. Give size of waist and state whether long or short front is desired. Address Mrs. M. A. WARNER, Portland, Oregon. m26tf

## CITY TAXES.

**The TAX ROLL for 1876 is now in my hands for collection, and all Taxes assessed thereon must be paid at my office, No. 93 First St., within Thirty Days from this date or the same will be returned as delinquent.**

JOSEPH BACHMAN,
Treasurer City of Portland.

Portland, Feb. 28, 1876.

## STOCK PRIVILEGES.

### PUTS AND CALLS.

WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF DEALING IN Stock Privileges and are prepared to negotiate Puts, Calls and Spreads or Double Privileges at the closest market rates. This mode of operating in Stocks has been in vogue in San Francisco about one year and has proved of great advantage to small operators. $10 to $100 controls 10 to 100 shares of any stock for 10 to 30 days. "Calls" often paying a profit of $200 to $2,500 on investments of $10 to $100.

Comprehensive Circular explaining privileges and the best mode of operating mailed free to any address.

J. A. BAKER & CO.,
Stock Brokers and Dealers in Stock Privileges,
330 Pine Street,
Opposite the New Stock Exchange,
San Francisco.

## CANCERS

ARE NOW SUCCESSFULLY TREATED IN Portland without the use of the knife by **DR. ALDRICH,** late of Philadelphia. Also all

## CHRONIC

Diseases of the brain, spine, heart, liver, kidneys, womb and all of those weaknesses or nervous complaints which so often cause the sufferer to drag out a miserable existence, to take on premature old age and hurry down to an untimely grave. Ninety per cent of the aches and pains so common to women might be avoided and many a home where there is nought but suffering and want might be the abode of happy souls crowned with health and plenty if they would only seek **proper timely aid.** Those suffering with any malignant growth or sores should apply early, for time in their case is often of vital importance.

Office and Treating Rooms 127 and 129 First St, Portland, Oregon.

## Monroe Landing,

### Saturday, March 4, 1876.

## Str. City of Salem.

## HATS! HATS!

A FULL LINE AND LATEST STYLES AT VERY LOW PRICES,

JUST OPENED AT

### NEIMEYER & UTTER'S,

MERCHANT TAILORS,

11 FIRST STREET.

### NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS ARE HEREBY WARNED NOT to trust A. D. McDonald on my account. The said McDonald was associated with me in the Brokers business in the office known as [illegible] Smith's, First st., consisting of one half of the net proceeds of said business, all of which he has drawn. All transactions between him and the undersigned ceased on the 17th day of January, 1876.

WALTER MOFFETT.

March 7, 1876. 1t

### A CARD

TO THE BUSINESS GENTLEMEN AND OTHERS of Front street who kindly endorsed me in connection with Walter Moffett as salesman with the Underwriters of San Francisco, I beg to say the Notice appearing in this morning's Oregonian signed Walter Moffett and warning the public against trusting me on his account is an [illegible] and I am justified in [illegible] that the [illegible] of Moffett & McDonald has been brought to a close, and in justice to myself and to those who may feel themselves interested through business or otherwise, that the existing written contract of Moffett & McDonald will be made public in all its bearings, that all may know where the blame lies, right or wrong, rests. Very respectfully,

A. D. McDONALD.

Portland, March 8, 1876. m7t1

### $10,000 TO LOAN.

U. S. GOLD COIN TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE at J. B. ROBERTS, Stock and Money Broker, No. 70 First street.

## THE SPRING STYLES FOR 1876

IN

## Silk Hats Beaver & Cassimere,

ARE NOW READY

And for Sale in Large Assortments, at

### MEUSSDORFFER'S.

**111 FRONT STREET.**

WE CALL PARTICULAR ATTENTION TO our Stock of Fine **FELT** and **BEAVER HATS,** they are a great improvement in style and quality to those that have been introduced for some time.

## Portland City Floral Park.

2,000 CYPRESSES (OREGON GROWTH) at 10 cents and upward.

**Extra Large Stock of Roses, Shrubbery, Etc.**

**Pot Plants (Cuttings) at Eastern Prices.**

**Bulbs of Gladiolus, Tuberoses, Dahlias, Madeira, Caladiums E., Canna I., Etc.**

**BOUQUETS ARTISTICALLY COMPOSED.**

Particular attention given to Private Gardening. City and Country orders well packed and shipped.

L. G. PFUNDER, Florist,
Second, Third, Clay and Market streets.

## GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES!

We will sell our entire Stock of

## BOOTS & SHOES,

### For Cost, for the next 15 Days.

To make room for a Large Stock of SPRING and SUMMER GOODS at the

**OPPOSITION BOOT AND SHOE STORE,**

**Cor. First and Stark Sts, Portland.**

CAHALIN & GOODMAN.

## D. W. WILLIAMS & CO.,

(Successors to Williams & Myers.)

## Commission Merchants,

And Dealers in

**Groceries, Oregon & California Produce.**

Agents for the

**COMMERCIAL FLOURING MILLS.**

**Flour, Bran, Middlings, Chopped Feed,** Constantly on hand.

Have ample Fire Proof Storage. Consignments solicited.

**Cor. Front & Morrison sts., Portland, Ogn.**

## "MORRISON,"

**First Street, between Stark and Oak.**

**WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS.**

**Furnished Rooms by the Month.**

**To All Whom It May Concern.**

## GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES!

### J. SIMON & CO.,

Having removed all their Stock to their large New **Store, 41 Front Street,**

Are now fully prepared to sell all kinds of

## Doors, Sash, Blinds

**AND WINDOW GLASS,**

At 10 per cent below San Francisco Prices.

Also a great Assortment of

**FINE MOULDINGS!**

To arrive, which will be offered at prices lower than ever sold in Oregon.

Contractors, Builders and the Public are invited to call and examine stock and prices.

Glazing done to order at short notice.

## MRS. OGDEN,

CUTTER AND FITTER OF LADIES' AND Childrens Clothes by the Tailor's System.

**Corner Fourth and A Streets.**

A perfect fit guaranteed. Also instructions for using the "Tailor's System." Instructions in the Basque, Plain and French Waists, Pointed Yokes, Low Neck Dresses, $10. $5 advance on all the above. Also Wrappers, Cloaks, Sacques, Little Boys' Coats, Pants and Vests, Girls' costumes of every style, the cutting of trimmings and the art of basting a vest, all for $15. Mrs. O. having bought the agency for Portland and adjacent towns. Stamping and pinking. Patterns of all kinds cut by measurement. fe24d1m

## MATZOS! MATZOS! MATZOS!

**To the Israelites of Oregon.**

I HEREWITH GIVE NOTICE THAT I SHALL again as heretofore be able to furnish you with Matzos for the coming Passover. All orders left with the Oregon Bakery or Isaac Levy will be promptly attended to.

F. OTTO.

Isaac Levy, Superintendent. feb8 1w

### CH. LOUIS KUHN,

Corner of Third and A streets, Dealer in

**BILLIARDS AND BILLIARD GOODS**

Of all Descriptions, CLOTHS, BALLS, CUES, &c. Sole Agent and importer of the Brunswick Balke celebrated Nonpareil Novelty and Virginia Pool Tables suitable for Ladies Parlors.

Second hand Billiard, Pigeon and Jenny Lind Tables for sale or rent on reasonable terms.

Direct communications solicited. Letter Box 146. f7 6m

## OSCAR KILBOURN,

**AUCTION AND COMMISSION MERCHANT,**

**Corner First and Pine Streets.**

WILL PURCHASE AND SELL REAL ESTATE, Merchandise, Furniture, etc.

**Regular Sale Days, Tuesday and Friday.**

A general assortment of Merchandise at private sale.

OSCAR KILBOURN, Auctioneer.

## FURS! FURS!! FURS!!!

WE ARE PLEASED TO REPORT THE LATE arrival of Mr. I. C. Mayer, the [illegible] Fur dealer of the United States, stopping at the St. Charles Hotel in Portland. [illegible] the Merchant having [illegible] the full value for their goods. [illegible]

### $2500

A BUSINESS AND PROPERTY FOR $2500. [illegible]

## USE WILD

## WANTS.

### WANTED.

A GIRL TO DO THE HOUSEWORK FOR A man, wife and one child at one of the Fisheries on the Columbia River. Apply at this office. m6d1t

### WANTED.

ROOMS FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED AND Board for a gentleman and wife in a private family. Central location preferred. Address Lock Box 906 P. O. feb28dtf

### WANTED

A PARTNER IN A GOOD DAIRY RANCH containing 160 acres. A fine location and well adapted to the business for making butter or selling milk in the city, four miles from the Albina Ferry Landing, nearly all improved, with stock and wagons, farming tools, all in good order. The proprietor is in poor health and wants an active, industrious, steady man to take charge. A single man preferred. Terms $1,000 down, balance on time to suit.

Address Dairyman, Portland, Oregon.

February 28, 1876. feb28d&w1w

## TO LET.

### FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET

OPPOSITE PUBLIC SQUARE, OLYMPIA, W. T. Contains 10 rooms. Will be let after March 15 for a term of months or the summer. Until March 15 apply to JAS. S. LAWSON—after that to Capt. JOHN G. PARKER, Olympia, W. T.

### FURNISHED ROOMS,

WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD AT THE RESidence formerly occupied by Dr. Mary A. Thompson. Suit of 2 rooms on first floor.

fe14d1m Mrs. L. C. PATTON.

## FOR SALE.

### HOUSE AND TWO LOTS FOR SALE,

WITH CISTERN, BARN AND NICE ORCHARD, in Caruthers Addition. Will be sold for $1,400—half cash and half in one year.

m1d2w JOHN SEDLAK, Agent.

### FOR SALE.

SECOND HAND PIANO IN EXCELLENT ORder, first class make, for sale very cheap at SHERMAN & HYDE'S, 119 & 121 First st, near Morrison. mr1WS&W1t

### FOR SALE.

AN ELEGANT NEW HARD FINISHED HOUSE situate between Stark and Oak, on Eighth st. For terms apply to J. B. ROBERTS, Stock and Money Broker, No. 70 First street.

### FOR SALE.

THE TWO STORY BUILDING SITUATED ON First between Stark and Oak streets, known as WEISER'S SALOON, together with Saloon and Lodging House Furniture and Fixtures complete in everything.

For particulars inquire of H. L. HERMAN, On Board the Steamer Willamette Chief.

### FOR SALE.

A HALF INTEREST IN THE POPULAR CENtral Market COFFEE STAND. Reason—Early departure for Europe. F. KABEL.

### FOR SALE.

THE UNDERSIGNED WANTS TO SELL HIS City property, Lot 2, Block 80½, Raleigh's Addition and Lots 7 and 8, Block 232. For particulars apply to Dr. L. SCHWAB, Evansville, Indiana, or B. GOLDSMITH, Esq.

### FOR SALE—A BARGAIN.

A DWELLING ON MAIN STREET NEAR Fifth, containing five rooms, hard finished, with lot 31x100. Price $1,250, half cash and balance in 6 or 12 months. Enquire at NATHAN'S Second Hand Furniture Store, Front street near Columbia. fe18d1m

### FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.

TWO FARMS, IN EASTERN OREGON, CONtaining the necessary apparatus pertaining thereto, such as implements of husbandry, also stock teams, a fine collection of brood mares and young horses, etc., etc. All fenced and is very rich prairie bottom land and under a good state of cultivation, yielding last year 80 bushels of oats to the acre. One of 500 acres adjoining the town of LaGrande, Union county, Oregon, and in close proximity to the University, one of the finest schools in the State, has a pure stream of water running through it the year round, with dwelling house and necessary out buildings. The other situated about 5 miles from LaGrande, containing 320 acres of equally as good soil, about one half good hay land, the balance good agricultural land capable of raising 50 bushels of wheat or 80 bushels of oats to the acre, also prairie land. The best fenced farm in the country, in a good neighborhood, close to mills and schools and only 2 miles to an extensive grazing country of fine bunch grass, cannot be excelled for stock raising purposes. Also in the town of LaGrande a Livery Stable with stock, carriages, buggies and everything necessary to carry it on, also a good residence, well furnished, with nice garden attached, also 8 acres of an orchard of the choicest fruits bearing well every year. Having business elsewhere I am desirous of selling or exchanging part or all of the above described property for a good farm or lands in the Willamette valley.

For particulars inquire of me at the St. Charles Hotel, Portland, Oregon.

GEORGE COGGAN.

## Executors' Sale.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE UNdersigned will sell at private sale the South ½ of Lots 4 and 5 in Block No. 40, in the City of Portland, Oregon, known as CREE'S BLOCK.

For terms of sale apply to

JOHN A. CRAWFORD, at Albany,
or JOHN CATLIN, at Portland,

Executors of Last Will and Testament of Wm. Cree, deceased.

## R. C. JANION & CO.

IMPORTERS AND

## Commission Merchants.

### AGENTS FOR LLOYDS.

OFFER FOR SALE

- TENNENT'S ALE, pints and quarts.
- McEWAN'S " " "
- IND COOPE & CO'S ALE, pints and qts.
- R. YOUNGER & CO'S " " "
- Blood Wolfe & Co's ALE and PORTER, pints and quarts.
- Guinness' STOUT, pints.
- RED CASE GIN, (Bynbende & Sons brand)
- Hennessey, Martell and Jules Robin's BRANDIES, in case and bulk.
- Scotch and Irish WHISKIES, in case and bulk.
- JAMAICA RUM.
- CHAMPAGNES.
- The Finest SHERRIES, in bulk, ever imported to this market, all at reduced prices.
- CURRY POWDER and CURRANTS.
- PICKLES and SAUCES.
- SALAD and COD LIVER OILS.
- EPSOM SALTS and CITRATE OF MAGNESIA.
- SAGO and TAPIOCA.
- DRY GOODS and CARPETS.
- PAINTS and VARNISHES.
- CHLORIDE OF LIME and SODA ASH.
- WHEAT SACKS and HESSIANS.
- Seaming and Roping TWINE.
- CANNEL COAL, &c., &c.

## R. C. JANION & CO.

Offer for sale

## PAINTS!

**WHITE LEAD,** in tins of 25lbs. each.

**VENETIAN RED,** in oil, in tins of 25 and 10 lbs. each.

**BLACK PAINT** in tins of 25 and 10 lbs.

**GREEN PAINT,** assorted shades, in 1 lb. tins.

## R. C. JANION & CO.

Offer for sale

One 7-Octave ROSEWOOD PIANO, London Model.

One 7-Octave ROSEWOOD PIANO, Paris Prize Model.

At Wholesale Prices.

## STATE BAKERY,

COR. FIRST AND MADISON STREETS,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

JOHN WINTTER - - - PROPRIETOR.

I RESPECTFULLY INFORM MY FRIENDS AND the public in general that I have taken charge of the above establishment and am prepared to furnish them with all kinds of

**Crackers, Bread, Cakes and Pastry.**

☞ New York Home-made Bread. ja16d3m

## FLOWERS OF

AUCT, ON AND

A. B. RICHA

## AUCTIO

COR. OF F

Auction

OF REAL ESTATE, GROC CHANDISE AND

Sale Days—Wedne

At Private

Large assortment of Liberal advances To parties desiring that I will purchase

A. B. RICH

Regular and

Furniture, Gro Merchan

SATURDAY

At 10 o'clock

BEDROOM FURNITURE. DININGROOM

ALSO,
25 kegs TOMATO CATSUP.
20 cases PICKLES.

ALSO,
40 cases OLIVE OIL.
50 bxs CANDLES.
100 bxs FAMILY SOAP.

ALSO,
100 cases PEPPER SAUCE.
20 cases AXLE GREASE.

ALSO,
On account of whom
25 sacks BACON.
10 sacks SHOULDERS.

A. B. RICHAR

UNION

Insurance C

FIRE AND

Capital, (PAID UP GOLD COI

Assets, exceed

BRANCH OFFICE

First National Bank

EDWIN D.

THE

Investment &

COMPA

OF SAN FRA

FIRE AND

Incorporated

Cash Assets, -

OFFICE

PETER DONAHUE, President. A. J. CHARLES H. CUSHI

This Company has no con surance combination, its bu the Lowest Paying Rates, according to its own merits.

The undersigned, having bee Agents for the above Company, to accept applications and and Marine risks at equitable

A. P. HOTA

Office—25

General Agents for Oregon

N. B.—Agents wanted Territory.

OREGON

HO

MUTUAL INSURAN

HAMILTON BOYD,

Office, 72 First St

FIRE, MARINE AN SURANCE

J. F. HOUGHTON ..
GEO. H. HOWARD.
CHAS. R. STORY.
N. B. EDDY ..........
M. B. COX ..........
H. H. BIGELOW...
R. H. MAGILL.

JUST

200th

MANH

REVISED AND CORR

E. DE F. CURTIS

A Medical Essay on mature decline in man, and how regained. It impediments to marriage, ous and physical debility, all other diseases appe of twenty years succe

OPINIONS OF

CURTIS ON "MANH ber of society by whom this useful, whether he be man—*London Times.*

CURTIS ON "MANH be read by the young for afflicted for relief, it will *Times and Gazette.*

Price—One Dollar, by the author, DR. CURTIS, Box 287 San Francisco, Cal.

EVERDING &

DEA

Wheat, Flour,

BACO

Hay, Straw,

FRONT AND ALD

MILLER, MAR

"OREGON CIT

ANNOUNCE TO THE now manufacturing best

MIDDLINGS

and feed warranted in Extra Manufacture is PROCESS which we onstrate. Also, SUPERFINE OFFALS always on hand market rates.

Address all orders as above.
Oregon City, Or., Oct. 1st

DR. J. J.

Veterinary

pared to treat all and particularly now prevailing he has been entirely lost a case. All varieties of remedies to the profession terms and warranted. free. Persons wishing at Hodge Calef & Co.'s Drug

SCHOOL TA

FOR THE YEAR 1875 before the 1st day of April the same by levy and sale of By order of the Board of School

Clerk of School

Office—Corner of I and Fifth

W. J. Q

(BILLY)

OAK STREET

MOUNT

The Daily Oregon

TUESDAY MORNING, MARCH

CITY.

THE CELEBRATION.—A stormy and able night had the effect to keep w many of our colored citizens so th tendance last evening at Ankeny a not as large as was expected. As announced the colored citizens of celebrated at the time and place a tioned the 106th anniversary of th Crispus Attuck who, it will be re was the first colored man whose shed by the British soldiers on that ble 5th of March 1770 in the streets However a fair representation of population of the city were present standing the extreme inclemency o ing. Among those present we number of ladies. At least half of th was composed of white citizens persons were present and the hall occupied by the Turners as a gy was comfortably filled. While th was collecting a small band discours lively airs which were well relishe present and greatly relieved the waiting. Shortly after 8 o'clock th of the evening commenced. On Wm Brown, Geo P Riley, Esq., w president of the meeting. Prayer offered by the Rev Adam Smith on assuming the chair, addressed t for a few minutes. In brief but el guage the speaker stated the object fo celebration was held, expatiating o and glorious results which had be by the American people through the martyred death of Crispus Attuc blood was first shed in defense of ence. After a most fitting introdu Riley announced the first speaker o ing, Gen O O Howard. This made a short but very appropria giving succinctly a sketch of Attuc cumstances of his death and con remarks with several instances sh valor and integrity of the colored p ing the late civil conflict. His re frequently interrupted with appla L. Eliot was the next speaker several additional facts connected life of Attucks, among others, that of his death he was a fugitive slave, cape advertised by his master. T dwelt pointedly but briefly upon t afforded in the death of Attucks initial note that preluded ture of war which culm the establishment of American Ind He also spoke of the late civil str bravery of the colored troops; th freedom, steadfast adherence to the immortal Emancipation Procla great results in the amelioration of and mental condition of the rac what great sweeping changes events were making in the public mind, gradually effacing prejudic and taking broader and more frat of the rights and privileges of people. His remarks throughout to the occasion, and were keenly of hearty and frequent applause tions. John F Caples, Esq., w speaker of the evening. His addr ceedingly appropriate and eloquen delivered in an animated and forci which occasioned no small measu siasm among the audience. At t Mr Caples' address the audienc Between the several addresses music "Hail Columbia," "Red, Blue," "Star Spangled Banner," et rendered by the band, and adde to the pleasure of the exercises.

CHARGED WITH MURDER.—Read remember the case of the dead whose body was discovered severa under the wharf near Richardso store. His throat was cut, and investigation the circumstances w supposition that the fellow ha himself. Subsequent examinati coroner and the jury disclosed proof that he had been murder body thrown under the wharf after a diligent search by the polic of the murderer could be discover of sufficient certainty to justify On complaint of a fellow-cou Chinaman was arrested Monday the murder of Chin Cheuy, the cook whose body was found. morning the case was called, but until to-day.

GRADUATES OF BELLEVUE.—We a the receipt of the programme of annual commencement of Bellev Medical College, New York, held Academy of Music Monday, Februar One hundred and fifty-nine pers completed the prescribed course, ed the indispensable "sheepskin" of the commencement exercises are gratified to state was not un for among the aspirants for gradu we observe the names of Wm. H, Geo A Whitney, both of this Stat merous friends of these gentlem pleased to learn of their success in creditable degree of examinatio them to a place among the roll of

A CONUNDRUM ANSWERED.—Our respondent says: "An intelligent this county and a reader of the D man propounded us the following a few days since: 'What is the Signal Service in Portland?' throughout the State would consi ble information if they would d something in the way of "P through the columns of the daily der that we may prepare for answer that conundrum by stati officers connected with the Signal not allowed under any circumstan nosticate as to what the weather w duty is to keep a careful and corr the weather, but to avoid any pre

NEW BRANCH RAILROAD.—A pa veyors are now engaged in locati the proposed branch railroad coal mines on the Puyallup river Tacoma. The distance between is 25 miles. Going from Tacoma the route leads over a level coun grade is very easy until withi miles of the coal mines. For th distance the country is quite hilly veyors will complete the work of route, and soon after a large fo (several hundred) will commen The road will be constructed by R Co and will probably be f equipped during the latter part o summer.

AN INTERESTING CONCERT.—Sun last a most enjoyable time was Sunday school concert at Lee's Portland. Though the weather w was a good audience. The prog well prepared and was highly Hon J F Caples addressed the sc length. Altogether everything m of the people so well that they asked the concert repeated. Th cided to do so, and have appointe day evening. A collection wa amounting to nearly $35—whic pended in new books for the Su

PLEASANT SURPRISE.—The Rev ley and wife were the recipients surprise at their residence last e Doctor's congregation in large present on this occasion which be remembered by all with the memoirs. Ice cream and delicac vided in abundance by the visit evening was enlivened with agree sation mingled with amusing a games. Such reunions will serv bust and congregation and fac intercourse.

WEATHER REPORT.—From the U S Signal Station of Observati Oregon, March 6, 1876.

| | A. M. | 2 P |
|---|---|---|
| Thermometer | 34 | 45 |
| Wind direction | Calm | |
| Wind velocity | 0 | |
| Weather | Cloudy | Ra |
| Minimum ther | | |
| Rainfall | | |

VERDICT FOR DEFENDANT.—In cuit court yesterday the case of vs. Isaac Smith, an action to re was on trial and consumed a go the forenoon. After the argu was submitted to the jury. The and after a brief deliberation re dict for the defendant.

The Daily Oregonian.

TUESDAY MORNING MARCH 7 1876

## CITY.

THE CELEBRATION.—A stormy and disagreeable night had the effect to keep within doors many of our colored citizens so that the attendance last evening at Aikens's Hall was not as large as was expected. As previously announced the colored citizens of Portland celebrated at the time and place above mentioned the 106th anniversary of the death of Crispus Attuck who it will be remembered was the first colored man whose blood was shed by the British soldiers on that memorable 5th of March 1770 in the streets of Boston. However a fair representation of the colored population of the city were present and notwithstanding the extreme inclemency of the evening. Among those present we observed a number of ladies. At least half of the audience was composed of white citizens. About [illegible] persons were present and the hall formerly occupied by the Turners as a gymnasium was comfortably filled. While the audience was collecting a small band discoursed several lively airs which were well relished by those present and greatly relieved the tedium of waiting. Shortly after 8 o'clock the exercises of the evening commenced. On motion of Wm. Brown Geo P Riley Esq was chosen president of the meeting. Prayer was then offered by the Rev Adam Smith. Mr Riley on assuming the chair addressed the meeting for a few minutes. In brief but eloquent language the speaker stated the object for which the celebration was held expatiating on the great and glorious results which had been reaped by the American people through the tragic and martyred death of Crispus Attucks who se blood was first shed in defense of Independence. After a most fitting introductory Mr Riley announced the first speaker of the evening, Gen O O Howard. This gentleman made a short but very appropriate address giving succinctly a sketch of Attucks the circumstances of his death and concluding his remarks with several instances showing the valor and integrity of the colored people during the late civil conflict. His remarks were frequently interrupted with applause. Rev T L Eliot was the next speaker. He gave several additional facts connected with the life of Attucks, among others that at the time of his death he was a fugitive slave and his escape advertised by his master. The speaker dwelt pointedly but briefly upon the example afforded in the death of Attucks was the [illegible] note that preluded the overture of war which culminated in the establishment of American Independence. He also spoke of the late civil struggle the bravery of the colored troops their love of freedom, steadfast adherence to the right the immortal Emancipation Proclamation its great results in the amelioration of the moral and mental condition of the race and of what great sweeping changes the logic of events were making in the public heart and mind, gradually effacing prejudice of caste and taking broader and more fraternal views of the rights and privileges of the colored people. His remarks throughout were fitting to the occasion, and were keenly appreciated if hearty and frequent applause are indications. Hon. John F. Caples, Esq was the last speaker of the evening. His address was exceedingly appropriate and eloquent and was delivered in an animated and forcible manner which occasioned no small measure of enthusiasm among the audience. At the close of Mr Caples' address, the audience dispersed. Between the several addresses appropriate music, "Hail Columbia," "Red, White and Blue," "Star Spangled Banner," etc., were well rendered by the band, and added materially to the pleasure of the exercises.

CHARGED WITH MURDER.—Readers will remember the case of the dead Chinaman whose body was discovered several weeks ago under the wharf near Richardson's auction store. His throat was cut, and at a casual investigation the circumstances warranted the supposition that the fellow had destroyed himself. Subsequent examination by the coroner and the jury disclosed conclusive proof that he had been murdered and his body thrown under the wharf. However after a diligent search by the police, no traces of the murderer could be discovered—at least of sufficient certainty to justify an arrest. On complaint of a fellow-countryman a Chinaman was arrested Monday accused of the murder of Chin Cheny the name of the cook whose body was found. Yesterday morning the case was called, but continued until to-day.

GRADUATES OF BELLEVUE.—We acknowledge the receipt of the programme of the fifteenth annual commencement of Bellevue Hospital Medical College, New York held at the Academy of Music, Monday February 21 1876. One hundred and fifty-nine persons having completed the prescribed course, were awarded the indispensable "sheepskin" at the close of the commencement exercises. Oregon we are gratified to state, was not unrepresented among the aspirants for graduating honors. We observe the names of Wm H Saylor and Geo A. Whitney, both of this State. The numerous friends of these gentlemen will be pleased to learn of their success in passing that creditable degree of examination entitling them to a place among the roll of graduates.

A CONUNDRUM ANSWERED.—Our Salem correspondent says "An intelligent farmer of this county and a reader of the DAILY OREGONIAN propounded us the following conundrum a few days since 'What is the duty of that Signal Service in Portland?' We farmers throughout the State would consider it valuable information if they would daily publish something in the way of 'Probabilities' through the columns of the daily press in order that we may prepare for it." We can answer that conundrum by stating that the officers connected with the Signal Service are not allowed under any circumstances to prognosticate as to what the weather will be. Their duty is to keep a careful and correct record of the weather, but to avoid any predictions.

NEW BRANCH RAILROAD.—A party of surveyors are now engaged in locating a line for the proposed branch railroad between the coal mines on the Puyallup river W T and Tacoma. The distance between these points is 25 miles. Going from Tacoma to Puyallup the route leads over a level country and the grade is very easy until within about six miles of the coal mines. For the rest of the distance, the country is quite hilly. The surveyors will complete the work of locating the route, and soon after a large force of men, (several hundred) will commence grading. The road will be constructed by the N P R R Co, and will probably be finished and equipped during the latter part of the coming summer.

AN INTERESTING CONCERT.—Sunday evening last a most enjoyable time was had at the Sunday school concert at Lee's Chapel East Portland. Though the weather was bad there was a good audience. The programme was well prepared and was highly appreciated. Hon. J. F Caples addressed the school at some length. Altogether everything met the wants of the people so well that they unanimously asked the concert repeated. The school decided to do so, and have appointed next Sunday evening. A collection was taken up amounting to nearly $35—which is to be expended in new books for the Sunday school.

PLEASANT SURPRISE.—The Rev A L Lindsley and wife were the recipients of a pleasant surprise at their residence last evening. The Doctor's congregation in large numbers was present on this occasion which will no doubt be remembered by all with the most pleasant memories. Ice cream and delicacies were provided in abundance by the visitors and the evening was enlivened with agreeable conversation, mingled with amusing and innocent games. Such reunions will serve to endear pastor and congregation and facilitate social intercourse.

WEATHER REPORT.—From the records of the U S Signal Station of Observation Portland Oregon, March 6 1876.

| | 7 A. M | 2 P. M | 9 P. M |
|---|---|---|---|
| Thermometer | 41 | 45 | 46 |
| Wind direction | Calm | E | S |
| Wind, velocity | 9 | 4 | 4 |
| Weather | Cloudy | Rain | Rain |
| Minimum ther | | | 42 |
| Rainfall | | | 1.1 |

VERDICT FOR DEFENDANT.—In the State circuit court yesterday the case of John A Carr vs Isaac Smith an action to recover money was on trial and consumed a good portion of the forenoon. After the argument the case was submitted to the jury. The jury retired and after a brief deliberation returned a verdict for the defendant.

INSANE—COMMITTED.—Sunday a man going by the name of [illegible] Stanton was arrested and conveyed to the city jail. [illegible] was found wandering about the streets, conducting himself in a strange manner. He was thought to be insane and was examined yesterday, before Judge Woodward. After making the usual tests he was adjudged insane and yesterday afternoon was conveyed to the asylum by Chief Lappeus.

APPOINTED ADMINISTRATORS.—Mr P [illegible] Goodwin has been appointed by the county judge administrator of the estate of Jas. J. Reilly. Wm. J. Besser has been appointed administrator of the estate of Jas. H. Newman who died several weeks ago at St Vincent's Hospital from the effect of injuries received by a heavy fall on the evening of December 4th.

ACCIDENT.—While the Albina ferry boat was making a trip late yesterday afternoon she [illegible] caused by [illegible] wing, in the wake of a river steamer. The heavy waves caught the apron and the force of the water dashing [illegible] the necessary appendage off. [illegible] was used in making the trip. Repairs will be made immediately.

CITY TAXES.—[illegible] taxpayers [illegible] forward and [illegible] liquidate the claims of the city on the tax list. Mr [illegible] the affable treasurer is in waiting at the First National Bank building and will be pleased to furnish his autograph on short notice.

### BRIEF NOTES.

There are no faro banks or police officers in China.

Steamer [illegible] has hence this evening from San Francisco.

The [illegible] go away yesterday and [illegible] worth a cent.

Flooded streets and pedestrians were compelled to pick their way.

Two hundred tons of coal were brought down to this port on the *Cal* [illegible].

Stormy weather has again compelled a suspension of work on the Lime street sewer.

The steamer *California* will probably sail for the North about the last of the present week.

A roaring old zephyr was making things interesting among signs at a late hour last evening.

The first boat dispatched from Celilo Saturday morning, reached Umatilla in safety Sunday morning.

A young lady says the best Fashion Notes are $50 greenbacks. But the style is not much in vogue hereabouts.

Get your costumes ready for the grand centennial ball which will be given Friday evening at Turn Halle by Baker and Canby Post G A R.

St Patrick's Day in the morning is moving apace. Our Irish citizens are making active preparations to observe the day in a becoming manner.

Some rash females had the temerity yesterday to appear on the streets with long trailing skirts. They were not a success however, in view of the moistness.

Referring to the deposits made by interior offices in the San Francisco post office the *Chronicle* says the Portland office frequently sends down $10,000 in a week.

The pruning mania still continues with unabated ardor and the superfluous branches of shade and fruit trees go down before the keen and unsparing knife of the trimmer.

The funeral of the late Joseph Reilly was largely attended last Saturday. The Hibernian Society attended in a body also Multnomah Engine Co No 2 besides the chief engineer first and second assistants and delegations from the different fire companies.

We have just heard of a gentleman who had weathered it bravely all through winter without an umbrella but he weakened yesterday. The mist was too penetrating he capitulated with the weather clerk by purchasing a parachute and is now as happy as a bivalve at floodtide.

### THE COURTS.

U S CIRCUIT COURT—DEADY J

MONDAY March 6, 1876

J. K. Gill and wife, et al, vs W L Wythe and wife, et al application by complainants for temporary injunction is denied.

D. P Ridge et al vs Charles Wilson cause dismissed on plaintiff's motion, and at his costs.

Elijah Miller vs David M Guthrie on motion of counsel A W McNary has leave to withdraw his application to be made defendant herein.

Adjourned to Saturday next.

U S DISTRICT COURT—DEADY J

Court called and adjourned to Monday next at 10 o clock A M

STATE CIRCUIT COURT—SHATTUCK J

J P O Lownsdale vs C C Stout et al plaintiffs allowed until Friday to file amended complaint.

J P O Lownsdale vs C C Stout et al same order entered.

State of Oregon vs W H Allison sentenced to pay a fine of $50 and the costs and disbursements, and in default thereof to be imprisoned for 30 days in the county jail.

W S Ladd vs W C Wetmore et al referred to Seneca Smith to take testimony and report the same together with his finding of fact and conclusion of law.

Geo F Tribou juror excused for the term and Geo A. Steel for one week.

Henry Schelland vs John Ppelding referred to J J Brown to find facts and law.

Henrietta Kelly vs P W Davis et al order allowing S Huelat to withdraw as attorney for plaintiff.

COUNTY COURT—WOODWARD J

IN PROBATE

In the matter of the estate of Otto Triner deceased citation issued made returnable on the 10th of April 1876.

In the matter of the guardianship of the Eiam heirs S Stafford appointed guardian.

In the matter of the estate of John Donglass deceased report of sale confirmed.

In the matter of the estate of Amos D [illegible] deceased ordered that license to sell real estate be granted.

In the matter of the estate of R. B. Randall deceased continued until March 8 1876, at 1 o clock P M

IN LAW

Charles Logus vs John Keller default entered.

Adjourned until 10 o clock to morrow morning.

### POLICE COURT NOTES.

Reed drunk fined $10 paid.

James Madison, drunk fined $5 paid.

Bethel drunk fined $5 paid and discharged.

A Alexander drunk and disorderly fined $5 paid.

Moore charged with vagrancy committed for five days.

[illegible] book charged with assault and battery case continued until this morning.

Charles Lawrence drunk and disorderly fined $10 paid and defendant discharged.

Coleman Brown drunk sentenced to pay a fine of $20 and in default committed for ten days.

Frank Lafontain was bringing about the streets endeavoring to sell an old pair of pants for a bottle of whisky committed to jail for 10 days.

Two men named respectively [illegible] and [illegible] andrew were each fined $10 for fighting in the streets. Each paid his fine and was discharged.

### SOCIAL EVENTS.

During last week several private, principally surprise parties were given at private residences.

Several gentlemen are arranging for a grand party to be given at Turn Halle the latter part of the week.

The centennial ball to be given by the G A R of the city on Friday promises to be a fair affair. The arrangements are in the hands of [illegible]. Previous entertainments given by Baker and Canby Post ranked as the most elegant and agreeable affairs in their way.

If you want a way up [illegible] of course you will go to Wright & Sherry's.

If you don't see what you want ask for it at Lobre & Barnes.

Those who are judges say that it is useless for other machines to compete with the Nos 6 and 7 Wheeler & Wilson they do such a tremendous variety of work and so easily.

## HISTORY OF THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS OF MULTNOMAH COUNTY.

PREPARED FOR THE CENTENNIAL BUREAU.

In the preparation of the following article I acknowledge the kind assistance of Messrs Josiah Failing Rev Dr Atkinson Thomas Frazar and others who have furnished facts and dates for the earlier portion of the school history of the county. T. L. ELIOT.

The Territorial laws of Oregon as promulgated in 1850 provided for a system of public schools in the various counties and required the commissioners to divide the territory into convenient districts. At that time Clackamas and Washington counties extended to the Columbia river and the work was performed by Rev Mr Atkinson of Oregon City for the former and Rev Mr Lyman of Forest Grove for the latter county. It may be imagined that these first districts were but partly [illegible] by the [illegible] of [illegible] population in [illegible] school privileges. Some of them reached to Mount Hood or had indefinite boundaries in the backwoods and swamps. Districts from No 1 to No 7 originally occupied the portion of the county east of the Willamette. Upon this side of the river No 1 was described with the boundaries it has now. As people settled upon the lands the original limits of most of the districts were contracted and new ones formed so that there are now [illegible] thirty six on the school map in the superintendent's office.

Throughout the Territory at this early day the first attempts to organize public schools met with many obstacles the chief of which were the transitory character of the population and the difficulty of obtaining competent teachers. There were many persons who were ignorant of the scope and intent of public education but the general opinion though not prepared for any material effort in their behalf was in favor of free schools. The first undertakings were only quasi public and quite frequently were developed from private enterprises or adopted [illegible]. The towns were thought to be the only places fit for public schools. In some localities (are there not a few such even in 1876?) they continued for a long period of time to be regarded as a makeshift for the less favored members of society and any special tax to sustain them was sure to arouse the ire of the "Philistines" as an article would call them including bachelors sectarians and some of the "better classes." But scattered everywhere were men who had seen the system in older States and shared its benefits who realized the central idea of public education as a chief factor in making a homogeneous people. These men and we should add women, by their earnestness and sacrifice have made the public school system what it is to day. To one of our Territorial representatives J Q Thornton Esq belongs the distinction of introducing the clause into the general congressional law which entitles each State to the thirty sixth section of the public lands for school purposes. No more important act in the interest of public schools has ever been passed since Nathan Dane's bill bestowing the sixteenth section of land for the same purpose.

Prior to the formation of Multnomah county the history of the schools of this locality cannot be easily traced. In the absence of records the files of the weekly papers of the time have been faithfully examined but such examination fails to elicit anything more than the bare legal notices of an occasional school.

In 1849 the first school called by courtesy public was taught Rev Mr Lyman being the teacher. From this date to 1851 several small private schools were opened and had their day. The names of Messrs Keeler, Lamerick Chandler and Kingsley figure in this capacity. Especial mention should be made of the Academy founded in 1851 under the auspices of the M E Church which through the course of many years down to the present day has done efficient service in the cause of education.

The older citizens of Portland well remember the edifice first erected, on the site now known as Glisan's block, (a photograph of it accompanies this paper) which served for everything from a political caucus or party jollification up to grand meetings of state and services of religion. In this honored "Cave of Adullam" the children were occasionally harbored at the public charge and no doubt there are many persons to day who remember distinctly the shooting of their first ideas under its persuasive roof. Such men as Col King Alonzo Leland Anthony Davis, Benjamin Stark R. J. Boise, (there were giants in those days!) officiated as school officers, and took a genuine interest in putting the public school upon a good foundation.

In the WEEKLY OREGONIAN of Dec 6, 1851, appeared the following notice: "In pursuance of a vote of the Portland school district at their annual meeting the directors have established a *free school*. The first term will commence on Monday the 15th inst at the schoolhouse in this city near the City Hotel (John P Outhouse teacher.) The directors would recommend the following books to be used in the school viz Sanders's Series of Readers and Spellers Goodrich's Geography, Thompson's Arithmetics and Bullion's Grammar." The next notice (one year later) in the public prints runs as follows "Nov 20 1852 The citizens voted at a recent meeting to raise a tax of $1600 upon the property of this district to support a *free school*. This sum together with the amount derived from the county was supposed to be sufficient to employ two teachers, (one male and one female) for ten months in the year." In the interval between these two notices there is a manifest growth in the public sentiment. The community was rapidly taking form as a city and in the same year a notice over the name of A Leland Clark informs the people that Miss A M Clark (now Mrs Byron Cardwell) is employed in another building, and the increasing number of children is thus divided. This new school received instruction in a building still standing near the corner of Jefferson and Second streets. "*One hundred and twenty* children were enrolled in it at one time. The apartment was graced by a flight of steps leading into the attic above and a visitor of the day describes said steps as 'full nearly to the top with children.'" This might be called a graded school in more senses than one. In spite of the inconvenience incident to these early times it was a *successful* school and one which Mrs Cardwell may remember with pride as years go by. The seed planted by her efforts and those of others like minded in self sacrifice and courage, are bearing increasing fruit for the wellbeing of the city and State.

During 1853 and 1854 the schools receive no notice at the hands of the public press. We find no advertisements no leaders no locals no nothing to indicate that the sovereign people had a child. Whether things went right or wrong, fast or slow may be written in some book of Jasher but the time presents a simple hiatus where imagination may picture what it pleases. In 1854 Multnomah county was constituted. The air of those days is full of the smoke of battle. [illegible] and [illegible] was a perennial [illegible]. If any one is disposed to complain of the public inattention to school questions at such a time when every one did that which was right in his own eyes let him reflect how good a fortune it was that no political simoon swept the schools out of existence, and let him discern that the obscurity in which they were left may have been a chief reason for their remaining and emerging at last into light. The children [illegible] survived by some Darwinian process and we next hear that by an act of the Territorial legislature in 1856 a tax of one mill was required to be collected in every county for common school purposes which sentence may well appear in capitals as marking an era in the civilization of the great Northwest.

From the records in the superintendent's office it appears that S [illegible] was the first county school officer. In March 1856 the Portland district was divided on the line of Morrison street. The portion of the city north of this line containing [illegible] the new district [illegible] that the more valuable portion of the town was then as now north of Morrison street. [illegible] was [illegible] and the two were united by petition in the [illegible] of 18[illegible]. At this time Messrs Frazar [illegible] and Ladd were directors and Mr Pennoyer was teacher. The school [illegible] about thirty pupils [illegible] attendance [illegible] three miles. W. L. Adams [illegible] superintendent but I do not recollect that he ever visited the school. There was no janitor. The studies were of moderate [illegible] scholar studied Latin. Mr Pennoyer was followed by Rev Mr Chandler now of Forest Grove.

In those days one of the directors informs me, I have called by notice upon the people six times for a school meeting before getting a quorum of seven to vote.

The next ten years exhibit marked growth. In 1857 the Central building was erected, the agreement being that no school should be held for a year in order to meet the expenses of building. In 1859 there were four teachers viz Messrs Terwilliger and Pennoyer, Mrs Hensal and Miss Way. The Harrison street school was built in 1860, Mr R K Warren being principal. The North building was finished in 1868. From 1856 to 1870 the following named gentlemen served as superintendents of the county. Wm Davis, Frazar C S Kingsley, S Pennoyer J J Hoffman and Rev Mr Atkinson. The remaining officers to the present time were R Wiley C W Brown Rev G H Atkinson (1873 to 1875) and T L Eliot.

It will not be invidious to refer to the labors of two of our citizens who by their earnest ness during many years have largely contributed to the life and growth of the cause of public education. JOSIAH FAILING for many years a director worked in season and out of season leading public sentiment determined and said to have the model school not only of Portland but of the whole State. To his indefatigable efforts is mainly due owing two of the school buildings [illegible] district [illegible] and the choice of efficient teachers. He was the ready defender at all times of public schools against all comers and whether opposed by sectarians and dissenters the children rich or the common poor with power full had always an argument or a visible demonstration either of their satisfaction or discomfiture. The names of such men as Col King W S Ladd S J McCormick, J J Dryer Thos Frazar J D Shattuck A L Lovejoy J J Holmes R W Corbett M P Deady A J Dennison and many others appear in the great work but Portland will do well to name the next great school edifice its citizens build the *Failing School*.

Rev Dr ATKINSON as a citizen and chiefly as a school officer has taken a prominent part in the cause of education ever since his settlement in Portland in 1863. During his administration the schools of the county assumed definite character and received a great impulse. The boundaries of the various districts were carefully determined and the schools were systematically visited. The school lands received his careful attention, and the schools of Portland were graded. He forwarded public sentiment by careful reports and occasional articles upon school morals and discipline primary instruction the selection of teachers and other subjects. He encouraged young men of good education who were out of employment or disheartened to teach and in this way several successful teachers were made. To his patient attention and great wisdom may be assigned much of what constitutes the present distinguishing excellence of the schools of the county. The following named persons were leading teachers in Portland during this period. Mr Parrish Mr Trimble and wife Messrs Crawford Garlick Warren Pratt and Johnson. Miss Fowler and Miss Hodgdon.

In 1869 during the directorship of Messrs A P Dennison and A L Lovejoy a High school was organized. The effect of this school has been felt through the whole system of schools in this city and indirectly through the State.

The limits of this historical account do not permit a narrative of other districts nor are the materials at hand for such a work were it desirable. Such schools as No 9 Mt Tabor, No 2 (Kelly) No 20 (Sandy) No 27 (Watson's) No 31 Holladay's Addition and No 21 East Portland are worthy of special mention and in every district there are earnest friends of education. During the past year an average of over six months instruction per district has been given and many districts comparatively feeble have maintained a teacher for eight months. One must realize the sparsity of population and ride through the forests over the heavy roads of winter where for miles he sees no house and meets no traveler to appreciate the character of the public interest thus indicated. In most of the districts the teacher must labor for $35 a month and board round. The cheerfulness and fidelity with which the trust is maintained by many teachers, whose ability fit them for better conditions against inconveniences, misunderstandings and even hardships entitle them to full est praise. Among the term reports filed in the superintendent's office are many which display the most conscientious care and precision. The sacrifices of people and teacher in some obscure districts, in order to give the advantages of an education to the children have frequently challenged my admiration and inspired my hopes for the future of the State. Out of these solemn forests and from these farms comes the sinewy purpose whose presence brings health into the councils of State and the affairs of men. All honor to the country school built of logs and rudely seated though it be! Our civilization has no finer emblem than it presents, and when the farmer ceases to thus labor for the sturdy individualization of his neighborhood and sends his boys and girls to "the town" for their schooling and "manners," we may look for a measurable decay in the manhood and womanhood of the age. The traveler on his journey should hail with pleasure the modest unadorned edifice, and pausing a moment, to watch the curling smoke as it rises from the fire about which group the forms of children, let him refresh his heart against the perils of his road and in that presence "take the benediction of the air."

From the reports of the superintendents I have compiled the following table, indicating the number of children and amount of funds expended in the county during the past ten years.

| Year | No of Children | Coin | Currency |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1864 | 1 [illegible] | [illegible] | |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | 9 [illegible] | 2 [illegible] 71 |
| [illegible] | 2 [illegible] | 6 [illegible] | 2 [illegible] |
| [illegible] | 2 [illegible] 47 | 9 [illegible] 81 | 2 [illegible] 80 |
| [illegible] | 2 [illegible] | 10 017 [illegible] | 1 [illegible] 10 |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | 6 [illegible] | 2 [illegible] 1 |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | 11 00[illegible] | 2 000 00 |
| 1871 | 3 [illegible] 8 | 11 [illegible] | 910 1 |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | 1 [illegible] | 2 [illegible] |
| [illegible] | [illegible] 78 | 1 [illegible] | |
| 1874 | | [illegible] | 1 012 17 |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | 31 07[illegible] 38 | |

These figures taken from the reports, are mainly correct, and probably not far except in one or two instances the State fund as well as the county fund. They do not include district taxes. Adding these it is fair to estimate that $250,000 have been expended for public schools during the past decade.

During the last few years several important changes have been wrought in the general management of the schools of Portland. The twenty six schools have been thoroughly graded a system of semi annual examinations instituted, a city superintendent appointed, the buildings enlarged and school furniture improved. Carefully prepared rules and regulations define the duties of teachers and scholars and control absenteeism and tardiness. The grade work is closely defined and the High School with five efficient instructors graduates yearly a class of well educated young women and men. The people of Portland annually vote a liberal tax for education and thus place the schools on a footing of equality with the best in the United States. The teachers are all of high order and ample experience, none more efficient and earnest can be found anywhere. Nothing short of general calamity to the country can disturb the stability and progress of public education in our midst. We think that the next ten years will be noted by growth in intelligence order and character in a community and by the diminution of crime, the wisdom of the expenditures for the education of the people. The Church the Press and the School which are the joint builders of our national life are here in the hands of workmen not to be ashamed. And the citizens individually and collectively in early or in later days who have shared in upholding and informing mental and moral forces side by side with material progress in the life of the State may think of their work as the first to be remembered in history and the last to cease among the trusts of the coming ages.

Herewith are submitted as part of the record of progress the reports of 1874 and 1875 on the condition prospects and wants of the schools of the county. To these is to be added the report for 1876 now in course of preparation and the reports of the city superintendent of Portland. Through the kindness of Messrs Buchtel & Stolte photographs of the public school buildings will accompany this article and form a part of the Centennial record. Plans of the same including the various [illegible] and rooms will also be forwarded.

The farmer mechanic merchant and mechanic [illegible] young men invariably consult Fishel & Roberts when they wish to get something most attractive and to get bargains. The firm give their undivided attention to customers.

NEW STYLE BILLIARD TABLE.—A novel and attractive pool table direct from Brunswick Balke & Co's manufactory Cincinnati is the last novelty at Peter Wilhelm's Fountain Saloon. The table is meeting with much favor among lovers of pool.

Don't forget to call at Beck & Waldman's this morning and look at the elegant stock of boys clothing which is sure to please fond parents the moment they cast their eyes over the varied assortment.

Open day and night is the Centennial Chop House, opposite Odd Fellows Hall.

## DISTRICT CLERK'S ANNUAL REPORT.

*To the County Superintendent of Public Instruction Multnomah county:* I herewith transmit to you as required by law the annual report of the schools in School District No 1, in your county for 12 months, ending the first Monday in March 1876.

CENSUS STATISTICS.

Number of persons between 4 and 20 years [illegible] resident at the time of [illegible] Males 1 [illegible] Females 1 4[illegible] total, 2911.

Number of pupils enrolled in the public schools during the year between 4 and 20 years of age Males 8[illegible] Females 78[illegible] total 1 [illegible].

Average daily attendance Males 879 females 517 total 1086.

Number of teachers employed in the public schools during the year ending first Monday in March 1876 Males 8 females 20 total 28.

Number of teachers employed holding first grade certificates Males 8 females 14, total [illegible]

[illegible] holding State life diploma [illegible]

Number of teachers employed holding second grade certificates [illegible] females [illegible] total [illegible]

Number of pupils enrolled in private schools Males 20 females 80 total [illegible].

Number of children in school, in the district between 4 and 20 years of age not attending any school [illegible].

Number of teachers employed in private schools during the year Males 1 females [illegible] total 4.

Number of months public schools have been taught in this district during the year 10 [illegible] weeks.

Number of months private schools have been taught in this district during the year 10.

Number of private schools which have been taught in this district during the year 5.

Number of school houses in the district belonging to the district frame 3.

Number of school houses built in this district during the year none estimated value of buildings and grounds owned by the district [illegible] 000 estimated value of furniture belonging to the school houses in the district [illegible] 700 estimated value of apparatus including maps globes [illegible] $[illegible] average amount of salary paid male teachers per month during the year $[illegible] average amount of salary paid female teachers per month during the year $1,312 20. The schools are all supplied with suitable record books. Each school building is supplied with Webster's unabridged Dictionary. Number of legal voters in this district 1,570. Have complied with the provisions of section [illegible] of the school laws of Oregon. A tax of two mills on the dollar on all assessable property in the district was voted by the taxpayers at the annual meeting held at Central school house Monday April 12th 1875 at 7 30 P M for general purposes.

### Financial Statement

RECEIPTS

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Funds in the hands of the district clerk March 1 1875 | | |
| Received from district tax from March 1 1875 to March 6 1876— | | |
| Assessment of 1871 | $ 20 88 | |
| 1872 | | |
| 1873 | 14 [illegible] | |
| 1874 | 1 [illegible] | |
| 1875 | 1[illegible]0 7 61 | 1[illegible] |
| Rent of block | | 6 00 |
| Borrowed from Messrs Ladd & Tilton | | |
| Received for sale of old lumber | | |
| From taxpayers for advertising delinquent 1875 | | |
| Received county school fund | | 18 [illegible] |
| Received apportionment of State school fund | | 1 [illegible] |
| Received for tuition of non resident pupils | | 6[illegible] 67 |
| Total receipts March 1 1875 to March 6 1876 | | $43 164 [illegible] |

DISBURSEMENTS

| | |
|---|---|
| Paid teachers for 12 months ending March 6 1876 | 2[illegible] 124 00 |
| Paid janitors for the same time | 1 584 00 |
| Paid election expenses | 10 00 |
| Paid for repair of school houses 12 months to March 6 1876 | 1 287 80 |
| Paid J. D Holman former clerk commissions | 279 11 |
| Donated to J D Holman former clerk per vote of the tax payers | 446 00 |
| Paid for furniture for 12 mos March 6 1876 | [illegible] 12 |
| Paid insurance of houses and furniture | [illegible] 70 |
| Paid for fuel for 12 mos to March 6 1876 | [illegible] 30 |
| Paid for stationery postage & to March 6 | 22 80 |
| Paid present clerk commissions | 7[illegible] 30 |
| Paid for printing binding and advertising | 20 [illegible] |
| Paid for building outhouses laying sewer pipe &c | 1,[illegible] 16 |
| Paid for water 12 months | [illegible] 00 |
| Paid for setting out trees about the school house | 19 [illegible] |
| Amount of taxes refunded | 41 92 |
| Paid for moving and repairing safe | 9 [illegible] |
| Paid cartage on furniture &c | 6 00 |
| Paid Ladd & Tilton (money borrowed) | 3,1[illegible] 00 |
| Paid Ladd & Tilton interest | 44 63 |
| Paid by J D Holman former clerk don't specify what for | 42 40 |
| Total disbursements | 7 7[illegible] [illegible] |
| Cash in hands of district clerk March 6 | [illegible] 737 1[illegible] |
| | $43 164 [illegible] |

| No | Branches Taught | Authors Names |
|---|---|---|
| 1 | Spelling | A W Patterson |
| 2 | Reading | Peterson& Simpson |
| 3 | Penmanship | Spencer |
| 4 | Primary Mental Arithmetic | Thomson |
| 5 | Advanced Mental | Brooks Normal |
| 6 | Rudiments of | Thomson |
| 7 | Practical Arithmetic | Thomson |
| 8 | Primary Geography | Montieth |
| 9 | Physical Geography | Montieth |
| 10 | Advanced Grammar | Clark |
| 11 | United States History | Barnes |
| 12 | Physiology | *Cutter |
| 13 | Natural History | *Parker |
| 14 | Chemistry | Steel |
| 15 | Book keeping | *Marsh |
| 16 | Higher Arithmetic | Robinson |
| 17 | Algebra | *Robinson |
| 18 | Geometry | *Davies |

*Advanced classes in the High School

NOTE.—Forty six pupils enrolled in the public schools are non residents. 79 pupils enrolled in the private schools are non residents. 1,991 resident pupils enrolled in the public schools 53[illegible] resident pupils enrolled in the private schools. There is one private school in this district (besides those reported) under the direction of Rev Mr May (where the Hebrew language is taught) with 70 pupils but they are all enrolled in and attending other schools.

The teachers have attended 10 sessions of the Teacher's Institute during the year.

This school district is out of debt. The school buildings are in good condition kept clean and well ventilated, and heated by heaters in the basements. The grounds are spacious and clean, and the schools in a prosperous condition.

Respectfully yours
GEO W MURRAY
Clerk School District No 1, Multnomah co

### DR. WIGHTMAN

Has arrived at Portland and is now at his rooms Nos 3 and 4 of St Charles Hotel. Persons desiring treatment by the Wightman process will have one more opportunity to get rid of these most troublesome complaints Hemorrhoid or Piles Ulceration of Rectum and Fistula in Ano and be assured they cannot return again as the cause that produced them is removed in a natural way and no knife caustics or ligature or any other painful remedies necessary. I shall remain but a few days unless by the written request of some that will require it. I shall be at Salem Oregon Monday 13th March, for a few days, at the Chemeketa Hotel.

Notice.—Persons at a distance requiring treatment can always see in the OREGONIAN my time of arrival and time of leaving Portland or Salem and act accordingly. References from well known citizens of Portland Salem, Olympia and elsewhere. Consultation fee $2.
DR T J WIGHTMAN

### A SURE CURE.

DR HAFFINGER CHIROPODIST, late of San Francisco TREATS CORNS WARTS BUNIONS CHILBLAINS INGROWING AND CLUB NAILS a sure and permanent cure guaranteed. The Doctor treats the above diseases at his office in Monastes building, First street or at the patient's residence.

It is well understood now by every one that a good time may be had at the Museum every evening.

This city will be canvassed in a few days by an agent for the new work just issued Wife No 19.

Beware of imitations buy only the genuine folded edge collars Elmwood and Warwick. They are the best made.

W. L. ADAMS M D A M H I D corner of First and Salmon streets is curing the most inveterate chronic diseases of all kinds at a low price by medicated electric lightning cream baths and by combining the German and French with the American improved practice mixed with a little common sense. His treatment is in the main entirely original and works almost miracles as his numerous patients will attest. A lady always in the office to assist in treating women.

The great skating match on Wednesday evening has been announced. Admission 25 cents.

**Throat Affections and Hoarseness.**—All suffering from Irritation of the Throat and Hoarseness will be agreeably surprised at the almost immediate relief afforded by the use of *Brown's Bronchial Troches*.

S. SHERLOCK,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
Saddlery, Harness, Saddlery Hardware, Hill's Concord Sing and Double Buggy Harness, &c., &c.
A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF TEAM HARNESS ON HAND.
No. 61 Front Street and No. 63 First Street, Portland.
In Stock, a Fine Assortment of Horse Blankets and Buggy Robes.

THE SILVER STEEL
DIAMOND CROSS-CUT SAW.
SOLE MANUFACTURERS
E. C. ATKINS & CO.,
INDIANAPOLIS, IND

The Best in the World! Speed, Ease and Economy!
Price, with Handles and Gauge $1 50 per foot. Liberal Discount to Dealers.
A large lot just received and going freely.
KIRK SHIELDS, East Portland, Oregon.
Sole Agent for Oregon and Washington Territory.

OREGON IRON WORKS—ALBINA.
THE OREGON IRON WORKS ARE NOW PREPARED, AND HAVE SUPERIOR Facilities at their NEW WORKS in ALBINA, for Manufacturing every Description of
PORTABLE, STATIONARY, HIGH AND LOW PRESSURE ENGINES AND BOILERS, HOUSE CASTINGS,
Machinery for Grist Mills and Saw Mills, Ornamental Fence Work, Iron and Brass Castings of every description.
THE REPAIRING OF BOILERS AND MACHINERY PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
Have a LARGE STOCK of PATTERNS on HAND which is Unexcelled for Variety and Quality.
FIRST CLASS WORK DONE at the LOWEST MARKET RATES. Special Attention given to STEAMBOAT and FILLER WORK. Steam Fitting done. Steam Gauges tested and repaired.
Will buy Cast Scrap Iron, Brass, Copper and Lead.
PORTLAND LOCK BOX 262.
JOHN SINNAMON, Superintendent.
Late Superintendent of Ames Iron Works, Oswego New York.

WILLAMETTE IRON WORKS,
Incorporated September 14, 1865,
CORNER OF NORTH FRONT AND "D" STREET
P. FITTEOGEN Secretary R. R. THOMPSON, President PETER TAYLOR, Vice President.
Iron and Brass Founders, Boiler Makers, General Machinists And Engine Builders,
MANUFACTURE AND HAVE FOR SALE
High and Low Pressure Marine and Stationary ENGINES and BOILERS; Saw Mills Grist Mills; Quartz, Mining and Agricultural Machinery.
WATER WHEELS, of several patterns equal to any imported on hand and made to order, of any size. Agents for the celebrated Moore & Parker Water Wheel, cheaper than any first class Wheel.
REPAIRING OF MACHINERY AND BOILERS promptly attended to and executed with neatness and dispatch.
THE LARGEST AND BEST STOCK OF PATTERNS North of San Francisco. No charge for the use of them.
Agents for Knowles' Patent Steam Pump, the best in use. Also, Agents for the Ammoniacal Preparation for the Prevention and Removal of Boiler Scale.
DeGroot's Ornamental Iron Fence; a variety of Beautiful Patterns for Cemeteries etc
House Castings, Etc., Etc.
ja1 tf JAMES LOTAN, Superintendent.

CITY FOUNDRY & MACHINE SHOP
JOHN HONEYMAN & CO.
Corner Columbia and Front Sts., Portland, Oregon.
HAVING recently rebuilt and enlarged our Works, we are now prepared to fill all orders for any Work in our line, viz:
PORTABLE AND STATIONARY ENGINES, GRIST AND SAW MILLS, MINING MACHINERY, IRON FRONTS.
IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS of every description furnished at short notice at lowest market rates.
Repairing promptly attended to.
ja27d1y

J. STRAHLE & CO'S
STANDARD
BILLIARD TABLES,
With the Celebrated
Delaney's Patent Steel Wire Cushions.
The Best and only Reliable Tables Manufactured.
FOUR NEW STYLES,
Nonpareil, Grecian Curve,
Inlaid Bevels, California Bevels.
The Delaney Patent Cushions are endorsed by the following scientific judges whose decision is certainly worthy the consideration of Amateurs: A Garnier Ubassy Vignaux, The Dions A P Rudolph Maurice Daly, A. Kraker, etc as the only
PERFECT BILLIARD CUSHION of the DAY
The largest and finest stock of Billiard Tables ever displayed in this city, and with increased facilities for manufacturing we are prepared to sell at a
Great Reduction On Former Prices.
First Class New Inlaid Bevel Table $325 00
First Class New California Bevel Table 350 00
Complete with all Appurtenances
Second hand Billiard Tables Straight or Beveled but little used, at from $125 00 to $250 00
ALSO,
New, Attractive & Beautiful Pool Tables.
American Pool Table, six pockets complete
Wooden Bed $17[illegible] 00
Same—Slate 200 00
Pigeon Hole Tables—New Plain 90 00
Same—New Style finished in Laura 100 00
BALLS, CLOTHS, CUES,
And everything appertaining to Billiards.
The well known reputation of our Old Established House is a sure guarantee to the purchaser against misrepresentation. Before purchasing elsewhere we invite the trade and the public to examine our stock and compare the prices.
JACOB STRAHLE & CO.,
ja12d2m3p 59[illegible] Market street San Francisco

HURD'S RAZOR BLADE
Axes and Hatchets!
An Invoice of above just received and
FOR SALE LOW
Shelf and Builders' Hardware
MECHANICS' TOOLS,
&c &c at
JOHN R. FOSTER'S,
67 FRONT STREET, CORNER STARK

MARKETS.

MARCUS M. SPAULDING MORTON M. SPAULDING
SPAULDING BROS.
Stalls 1 and 2 Central Market,
Wholesale & Retail Butchers.
FINEST MEATS IN THE MARKET
Free Delivery to all parts of the city

A. H. JOHNSON,
Stalls 26, 27 and 28 Central Market,
Dealer in all kinds of
Fresh Meats.
PACKER OF BEEF AND PORK.
Highest Price paid for all kinds of Fat Stock

CHRIS. SCHLOTH,
Washington St., near Third,
Is prepared to supply Fresh
Beef, Pork, Mutton, Veal, Etc.
Free delivery to any part of the city

J. S. KELLER,
Cor Madison and First Streets,
Is prepared to supply Fresh
Beef, Pork, Mutton, Veal, Etc.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

PORTLAND MARKET.
E. H. CARLING,
Cor. MORRISON and SECOND STREETS,
KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND the best of all kinds of MEATS. All orders delivered in any part of the city Free of Charge. Also, KOSHER BEEF, VEAL AND MUTTON,

BUSINESS CARDS.
W. W. PIPER,
ARCHITECT.
Office over Home Insurance Co's office 72 First st.

J. B. ROBERTS,
GENERAL STOCK AND MONEY BROKER.
Has Removed to 70 First Street.
Notes discounted. Bills negotiated. Currency and Gold Dust Bought and Sold

C. P. FERRY,
(With H W Plummer & Co.)
COMMISSION STOCK BROKERS,
(Members Pacific Stock Board)
No. 1 Nevada Bank Building, San Francisco.
Orders for Purchase or Sale of Stocks will receive prompt attention.

NICOLAI & BRO.
Central Planing Mills,
cor. North Second and E Streets, Portland.
Rustic, Ceiling, Mouldings, Sash, Doors,
Blinds, Brackets, Urns Tanks, Fences &c.
Common Size Doors, Sash and Blinds at San Francisco Prices. ja27d3mw3m

GEORGE MORROW. WILLIAM SCOTT
GEO. MORROW & CO.
GRAIN AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
DEALERS IN
CALIFORNIA AND OREGON PRODUCE
CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED.
39 Clay St., and 28 Commercial St., San Francisco
Refer by permission to A. W Kinney, Salem Flouring Mills, Salem, Oregon
s12d6m

BLUE LICK WHISKEY.
HAVING BEEN APPOINTED SOLE AGENT for the above celebrated brand of Kentucky Whiskey, I am in receipt of an invoice of the same, in barrels, half barrels and cases, which I am prepared to offer to the trade at jobbing rates.
H. FLECKENSTEIN,
SOLE AGENT,
Wholesale Dealer in Wines and Liquors,
No 147 First near Taylor street.

F GOLDSMITH J LOEWENBERG,
247 & 249 Water st., New York Portland.
GOLDSMITH & LOEWENBERG.
33 and 34 Front St., O. S. N. Co.'s Block.
Importers and Dealers in
STOVES, METALS,
TINMEN'S AND PLUMBERS' STOCK,
Bird Cages, Fancy Wire Goods, Refrigerators, Water Coolers, Ice Cream Freezers,
And a Complete Assortment of
HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

J. W. MILLER & SON,
No. 98 Front Street,
(Opposite Milwain's old stand.)
WILL HAVE CONSTANTLY ON HAND A general assortment of
STOVES AND TINWARE
All JOBBING in the line of the above business will be promptly attended to by
OLD JOHN MILLER,
At Reasonable Rates.

Salem Flouring Mills Co
SALEM, OREGON,
Millers & Exporters
OF
GRAIN AND FLOUR.
A. W. KINNEY M. J. KINNEY
Agent, Salem Agent San Francisco.

# The Daily Oregonian.

TUESDAY MORNING, MARCH 7 1876

### *GRANDFATHER'S CHAIR*

Twas a wintry night And [illegible] ago
When the ground was white with the feathery snow
That an [illegible] sat in [illegible] arm chair
With his pale thin face and his silvery hair
He was thinking of one he had loved the best
Who had long since gone where the weary rest
And [illegible] waiting the time to come
For the angels to carry his spirit home
For the last of the friends of his youth had gone
While he was left alone—alone!
And [illegible] this world [illegible]
Was but a [illegible] an empty dream
[illegible]
Of the trials of life [illegible] had seen his share
And I prayed that [illegible] whom his above
Might [illegible]
That [illegible]
That [illegible] of death
How I have [illegible]
[illegible]
And [illegible]
[illegible]
And [illegible] arm chair
Of [illegible]
And [illegible]
That [illegible]
May [illegible]
As I [illegible] chair

J M HUNT

## FINANCE AND COMMERCE

### Financial.

[illegible]

**Gold** in New York [illegible]

**Legal Tenders in Portland—buying** 87 **selling** 88

Coin Exchange on San Francisco [illegible] per cent

**Currency Exchange on San Francisco** ¼ **per cent premium**

Coin Exchange on New York ¾ per cent premium

**Telegraphic transfers on New York 1 per cent premium**

**Currency Exchange on New York** [illegible] **per cent premium**

Gold Bars 800 par

Business in financial and commercial circles [illegible] the general situation are [illegible] improved than otherwise. In anticipation of an active spring trade merchants manifest other more than the usual firmness in the face of the state of inactivity which has prevailed for some time past. In spite of some discouraging aspects hopes are entertained of a lively season in trade circles and the amplest preparations are being made to meet it.

In strictly financial matters everything moves along very quietly the call for loans and discounts being light is promptly responded to both by the banks and outside parties who are occasionally offering very considerable sums at about the usual rates. The money market is easy to all intents and purposes but [illegible] that it is so only because the [illegible] interests of the community are dull and the requirements of the season upon the financial resources so light. The silver discount question has shown itself no more prominently than was noticed last week and with a few exceptions the matter has been managed so as to create no disturbance in the [illegible] current of our local commerce. Our [illegible] have doubtless pursued the wiser policy in not dealing arbitrarily with the subject and the future will probably demonstrate the fact that had a peremptory rule recognizing the 2½ limit been adopted the result of the application of the remedy would have been a greater hindrance to the commercial interest than the evil sought to be prevented. At any rate so far the question has been [illegible] with without difficulty in almost every instance.

### Oregon Wheat.

The quality of the wheat offered for sale in the Liverpool market has very much to do with the price which it will bring there. There are three distinct qualities shipped from the Pacific Coast though of course there are differences in the condition in which cargoes of each of these qualities arrive. Most people consider that the California club variety is the best and highest priced wheat in the English market. This impression in the public mind has been produced by the way in which quotations have been telegraphed to the coast, but we have been permitted to make an extract from a letter of a recent date, written by a long established Liverpool grain firm which show that such is not always the case. At the date of the letter "January 20th Oregon wheat was quoted at 10s 8d@10s 10d and California club at 10s 7d@10s 9d but the letter adds "We are seldom without a supply of California club greater or less, at the same time we must add that as a rule your (Oregon) growth of wheat more than holds its own in point of value as well as commanding buyers, when the other style falls from lack of equal merit in quality."

### Domestic Produce

This department of trade is quite as active as could be expected on the first day of the week with such a rain as has been pouring down all day. The telegraph line not working prices have not been affected by any reports from abroad and transactions have been light. Occasionally an extra lot of wheat is placed at a small advance over our quotations but for ordinary lots our highest figures are as far as the market will bear. There are now a number of vessels in the river to load but there seems to be no lack of grain at hand to give them dispatch and shippers apparently have no difficulty in getting their vessels off about as rapidly as the facilities for putting it on board will permit. The flour trade is not very lively at this time though there is a tolerably brisk demand for shipping and a moderate inquiry in the local trade. The supplies in the hands of millers agents are ample. Mill feed continues to bear a good price though some disposition towards a decline is shown induced by the approach of spring weather. Hay is in fair request at former quotations. Provisions are in liberal supply excepting perhaps choice side bacon and lard in bulk which are wanted at current rates. Butter of best quality is 3@5c ₵ lb lower and other brands proportionately so. Eggs are not in so liberal supply at this time but shippers can not buy at anything above the figures given. Vegetables of the season are coming forward prices are unchanged.

### Home Produce Market.

WHEAT—For fair average lots, $1 02½@$1 05 per cental sacked

FLOUR—Quotable, best brands $5 00 ₵ bbl good outside and country brands, $4 [illegible] fine and superfine $4 00@4 25

OATS—Surprise 70c per bushel common [illegible] black [illegible]

BARLEY—Choice brewing, $1 35@1 40 feed $1 25@1 30 ₵ cwt.

MILL FEED—Bran $20@22 ₵ ton shorts $27 50@ $30 chopped middlings [illegible] oil cake meal $40

DAIRY PRODUCTS—Butter solid 18@20c ₵ lb brine 20@25c roll 20@25c fancy dairy [illegible] cheese quotable at 18@20 ₵ lb

EGGS—Quotable at 18@20c ₵ dozen

CHICKENS—Full grown $3 00@4 00 ₵ doz

POTATOES—Common [illegible] choice [illegible] ₵ bushel

ONIONS—As to quality $1 25@1 75 ₵ 100 lbs

HAY—[illegible] timothy bale $1[illegible]

DRIED APPLES—In sacks [illegible] in kegs [illegible] ₵ lb

FRUITS—Apples packed for shipping [illegible] Yellow Newtowns and Pippins $[illegible] other varieties [illegible] ₵ box pears [illegible]

FRESH MEATS—[illegible] dressed [illegible] ₵ lb on foot [illegible] hogs [illegible] mutton sheep [illegible]

LARD—[illegible] fresh [illegible] ₵ lb

[illegible]

### Shipping Intelligence

[illegible]

this afternoon

### EXPORTS

[illegible]

### MRS DR. B A OWENS,

[illegible] First street between [illegible] and Taylor. Special attention given [illegible] Women and Children [illegible] Also gives **Medicated Vapor Baths** in treating Rheumatism and Chronic Diseases

[illegible]

### WM. PFUNDER,
### APOTHECARY & CHEMIST,

Ankeny's New Market Theater Block
Portland Oregon

**Pure Drugs, Chemicals and Medicines.**

### REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION.

A Republican State Convention is hereby called to convene in the city of Portland Wednesday May [illegible] at 11 o'clock A M to select [illegible] delegates to the National Republican convention candidates for judges of the supreme court in the second third and fifth judicial districts for prosecuting attorneys for the several judicial districts three presidential electors and a candidate for representative in congress and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the convention.

It is recommended that the primary and county conventions in the several counties be held as follows. Primary conventions on Wednesday April 19th at [illegible] county conventions on Wednesday April 26th or at such other times as the county committees may appoint.

The following is the apportionment of delegates to the said convention based on the basis of the Republican vote for representative in congress in 1874

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Baker | [illegible] | Linn | 10 |
| Benton | [illegible] | Marion | [illegible] |
| Clackamas | [illegible] | Multnomah | 11 |
| Clatsop | [illegible] | Polk | [illegible] |
| Columbia | 1 | Tillamook | [illegible] |
| Coos | [illegible] | Union | [illegible] |
| Curry | [illegible] | Umatilla | 4 |
| Douglas | [illegible] | Wasco | [illegible] |
| Grant | [illegible] | Washington | 4 |
| Jackson | [illegible] | Yamhill | 5 |
| Josephine | 2 | | |
| Lake | [illegible] | Total | 115 |
| Lane | | | |

In making this call for a Republican State Convention the State Central Committee recognize the fact that too much importance cannot be attached to the primary [illegible] . This being a government of the people by the people for the people, the agents or officers of the government should be in accord with the people. According to the generally accepted plan of selecting candidates the first steps are taken in our primary county and State conventions. These form the ground work of political organization upon which the whole superstructure must stand or fall. If honest men desire honest officials is it asking too much that they lay aside for a day all other business affairs and devote the time necessary to select proper persons to attend county and State conventions?

In view of these considerations and of the important interests at stake we earnestly appeal to all legal voters who are in sympathy with the *principles* of the Republican party, regardless of personal likes and dislikes to rally at the primaries, and see to it that none but true men are entrusted with the business of preparing for the coming political campaign. Select men who are not only true themselves in the broadest sense of that term but men of *discernment* men who can and will choose wisely for the good of the people in defiance of "rings" and cliques."

It is unnecessary at this time to reiterate in this call the principles of the Republican party. Its glorious record is still fresh in the memory of an enlightened public. It is sound upon all the great principles affecting our national existence. It is the party of progress and development. It exposes corruption wherever found and inflicts punishment upon conspirators fearful and sudden, without respect of person or position. It favors the universal enlightenment of the people without trammel of creed or sect, and its banner is found in the van leading on the hosts of reformers in all that tends to higher civilization and enlarged freedom.

I. S. SCOTT, Chairman
I. C. MORELAND Secretary *pro tem.*

### TERMS OF THE OREGONIAN

Rates of Subscription (Payable in Advance) Postage Prepaid at this office

| DAILY | | WEEKLY | |
|---|---|---|---|
| One Year by mail | $10 00 | One Year, by mail | $3 00 |
| Per month | [illegible] 00 | Six Months | 2 00 |
| By carrier per week | [illegible] | Three [illegible] | 1 00 |

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Be sure to give Postoffice address in full, including State and County.
Renewals should be made at least two weeks before expiration of subscription.
Address OREGONIAN PUBLISHING CO
Portland, Oregon

## E. MARTIN & CO.

O. S. N. Co. Block, Portland, Ogn. | 408 Front St., San Francisco.

IMPORTERS OF

## FINE WINES AND LIQUORS,

And SOLE AGENTS for the following Celebrated WHISKIES

**J. H. Cutter Old Bourbon.**
**J. H. Cutter Old Rye.**
**Miller's Extra Old Bourbon.**
**J. F. Cutter Old Bourbon.**
**J. F. Cutter Old Rye.**

## PLUMMER FRUIT DRYER.

AS A PROOF OF WHAT I HAVE HERETOFORE stated to the people of Oregon I give below a letter from the Plummer Fruit Drying Co of East Portland. After the close of business of 1875 fully endorsing it, after using it one entire season, and as a proof to substantiate what they say they now contemplate putting up another Dryer of the same capacity of the one they now have which will increase their capacity to five hundred bushels of apples per day. Having now located here in Portland for the purpose of supplying the demand for Fruit Dryers in Oregon and Washington Territory I can supply these dryers at a cost of from $1000 to $5000, according to capacity. Warranted to dry from 4 to 20 bushels of apples per hour at a small cost for labor and fuel. These machines being so cheap and simple in construction they cannot fail to supersede all other known machines. I would also say to the fruit growers that I have invented a Machine (and am now waiting for a patent) that will cut and spread the fruit on the trays with a very small amount of labor. I also have invented a Peach Parer that is on an entirely new principle paring soft as well as hard, does its work well with great speed and slices and pits the fruit ready for the Dryer in the best possible manner and is a great saving in quantity of fruit.

Having become somewhat acquainted with the wants of the people, I find that a cheap DRYER is what is wanted and one that will do good work and a large amount of it. I have so modified my Dryer as to meet that demand and can now guarantee my CHEAP DRYER to do as good work as any and as large an amount of it and the price is within the reach of all.

W S PLUMMER Patentee
ja7d&wtf Portland Oregon

### FRUIT DRYER TESTIMONIALS

EAST PORTLAND Jan 5th 1875

MR W S PLUMMER—*Dear Sir* As this is a time when all are much interested in Fruit Drying we think that in justice to you and for the information of the public it is but right and proper that we should give all the information that we can. Now after having operated your Dryer during this season we feel warranted in saying that for the amount of money invested we still believe as we did from the start that *your* Dryer is the best Dryer yet introduced into this country. The capacity of the Dryer we find to be about [illegible] bushels per hour. The Dried fruit we claim to be as good as any though perhaps not as much bleached as the Alden Fruit and we are satisfied that we can produce Dried Fruit at less expense than the Alden. The stockholders of our Company manifested their confidence in the Plummer Dryer at our meeting last Saturday by a unanimous vote to increase the capital stock $12000 twelve thousand dollars for the purpose of adding one more Dryer to the [illegible] and making other improvements for next season. We will further say that we believe that by an improvement made by the patentee in the Heater and Fan that there will be an increase of capacity and a saving of Fuel.

H HANSON President
[illegible] NEWELL Secretary and Superintendent

EAST PORTLAND Dec 13 1875

MR PLUMMER—*Dear Sir* I have been watching both the Alden and your Fruit Dryer the past season to determine which was the best Machine for Drying Prunes. I visited the Alden Dryer at Oregon City at [illegible] the Prunes dried on that Machine and I have also examined several I dried on your Machine at East Portland and my opinion is that your Dryer is the best Machine for Drying Prunes. My reasons are these: [illegible] Machine [illegible] without [illegible] or [illegible] the [illegible] fruit dried on the Alden Machine was [illegible] and [illegible] for market [illegible] Machine [illegible] Prunes or any [illegible] Yours truly

H W PRETTYMAN
Proprietor of Railroad Nursery

[illegible] Jan 10 1876

MR W S PLUMMER [illegible] The Dryer purchased [illegible] for the purpose of drying [illegible] in operation two months [illegible] Yours truly STEFF & CO

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE—The undersigned [illegible] appointed by the County Court of Multnomah county Oregon administrator of the estate of Jesse [illegible] deceased. All persons having claims against the estate of said decedent are hereby required to present them to me with proper vouchers within six months from this date at the office of Rice & Smith in Portland Oregon.
S STAFFORD Administrator
Portland Oregon February 19 1876 [illegible]

**[illegible] Lodge No. 15, I. O. O. F.—** Meets every Friday evening at ½ o'clock, in Odd Fellows Temple, corner First and Alder streets. Members of the Order are invited to attend. By order of N. G

### OYSTERS, FISH AND GAME.

## HENRY MARTIN,

**Central Market.**

Is now prepared to supply HATCHING Eggs of the following kinds of Chickens: Cochins Brahmas Leghorns Houdans Spanish and Silver Spangled Hamburg [illegible]

## W. L. HIGGINS,

Importer of

## UNION MARKET.

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

## Poultry, Game, Fish,

Oysters and Salt Fish of all kinds,

[illegible]

Choice Game

Washington st., between First and Second.
[illegible]

### Shoalwater Bay Oysters

SERVED DAILY AT THE

PIONEER

## RESTAURANT & CHOP HOUSE.

Washington Street, bet. First and Front.

**OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.**

Private Rooms for Ladies Gentlemen or Parties
Orders out of the house promptly attended to

A LO ENIER
I WILBRON

GEM

## OYSTER ROOMS!

### 3,000 Eastern Oysters

### Fresh Lot Shoalwater Bays

NOW ON HAND

EASTERN AND SHOALWATER BAY

## OYSTERS!

In Every Style at the

## "OXFORD." Oak Street,

BRANCH SALOON (in the Clarendon Hotel)
WALLER & SON.

Shoalwater Bay Oysters [illegible] per hundred

# POND'S EXTRACT

"Hear, for I will speak of excellent things."

**POND'S EXTRACT**—The great **Vegetable Pain Destroyer.** Has been in use over **thirty years,** and for cleanliness and prompt curative virtues cannot be excelled.

**CHILDREN.** No family can afford to be without **Pond's Extract. Accidents, Bruises, Contusions, Cuts, Sprains,** are relieved almost instantly by external application. Promptly relieves pains of **Burns, Scalds, Excoriations, Chafings, Old Sores, Boils, Felons, Corns,** etc. Arrests inflammation, reduces swellings, stops bleeding, removes discoloration and heals rapidly.

**FEMALE WEAKNESSES.** It always relieves pain in the back and loins, fullness and pressing pain in the head, nausea, vertigo.

**IN LEUCORRHŒA** it has no equal. All kinds of **ulcerations** to which ladies are subject are promptly cured. Fuller details in book accompanying each bottle.

**PILES—blind or bleeding**—meet prompt relief and ready cure. No case, however chronic or obstinate, can long resist its regular use.

**VARICOSE VEINS.** It is the only sure cure.

**KIDNEY DISEASES.** It has no equal for permanent cure.

**BLEEDING** from any cause. For this it is a **specific.** It has saved hundreds of lives when all other remedies failed to arrest bleeding from **nose, stomach, lungs,** and elsewhere.

**TOOTHACHE, Earache, Neuralgia** and **Rheumatism** are all alike relieved, and often permanently cured.

**PHYSICIANS** of all schools who are acquainted with **Pond's Extract of Witch Hazel** recommend it in their practice. We have letters of commendation from hundreds of Physicians, many of whom order it for use in their own practice. In addition to the foregoing, they order its use for **Swellings** of all kinds, **Quinsy, Sore Throat, Inflamed Tonsils,** simple and chronic **Diarrhœa, Catarrh** (for which it is a *specific*), **Chilblains, Frosted Feet, Stings of Insects, Musquitoes,** etc., **Chapped Hands, Face,** and indeed all manner of skin diseases.

**TOILET USE.** Removes **Soreness, Roughness** and **Smarting;** heals **Cuts, Eruptions** and **Pimples.** It *revives, invigorates* and *refreshes,* while wonderfully improving the **Complexion.**

**TO FARMERS—Pond's Extract.** No Stock Breeder, no Livery Man can afford to be without it. It is used by all the leading Livery Stables Street Railroads and first Horsemen in New York City. It has no equal for Sprains, Harness or Saddle Chafings, Stiffness, Scratches, Swellings, Cuts, Lacerations, Bleedings, Pneumonia, Colic, Diarrhœa, Chills, Colds, &c. Its range of action is wide, and the relief it affords is so prompt that it is invaluable in every Farm-yard as well as in every Farm-house. Let it be tried once, and you will never be without it.

**CAUTION! Pond's Extract** has been imitated. The genuine article has the words **Pond's Extract** blown in each bottle. It is prepared by the **only persons living** who ever knew how to prepare it properly. Refuse all other preparations of Witch Hazel. This is the only article used by Physicians and in the hospitals of this country and Europe.

**HISTORY and Uses of Pond's Extract** in pamphlet form sent free on application to

**POND'S EXTRACT COMPANY,** 98 Maiden Lane, New York.

### LIVERY AND HACK STABLES

## OREGON TRANSFER COMPANY

### OFFICE AT DRAY & HACK STABLES,

**S W. Corner of Second and Stark Streets.**

All business entrusted to us will be executed with care and dispatch

ORDERS FOR HACKS PROMPTLY ATTENDED to Day or Night

## E. CORBETT'S

## Livery, Hack & Feed Stables,

(FIRE PROOF)

COR SECOND AND TAYLOR STREETS

**Reasonable Charges for Care. Particular Attention paid to Boarding Horses**

OBSERVE THE RATES IN THE HACK DEPARTMENT

Riding $[illegible] per hour
Calling $1 [illegible]
To [illegible]
Funerals $[illegible]
To and from Balls and Parties $[illegible]

Orders left at STABLE or [illegible] & ROBERTS promptly attended to at any hour

[illegible] free to funerals [illegible]

## PIONEER WOOD YARD

FOOT OF YAMHILL STREET.

SORENSEN & TAYLOR.

ALL KINDS OF WOOD.

Sawed [illegible]

### Proposals for Painting.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED [illegible]

[illegible]

**$50 to $5,000** Invested in stock Privileges [illegible] profits [illegible] Special reports [illegible] write for our 72 page book [illegible] of Wall street and Weekly Review of Wall Street. Address JOHN **Sent Free,** HICKLING & CO Bankers and Brokers 72 Broadway N Y [illegible]

**W. O'SHEA, Licensed Pawnbroker** Washington street between First and Second loans money on Jewelry Watches Guns Revolvers and on valuables of every description. Rates reasonable. Miscellaneous articles of all kinds bought and sold

### BANKS.

## LADD & TILTON, BANKERS.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED, AND COIN AND CURRENCY accounts kept subject to Check at sight

COLLECTIONS made and proceeds promptly remitted

INTEREST FROM DATE paid on Coin Time Deposits

### Coin & Currency Exchange

(Sight and Telegraphic) for sale on

| | |
|---|---|
| SAN FRANCISCO | NEW YORK |
| ST LOUIS | CHICAGO |

### Bills of Exchange,

Drawn in the usual way for any sum desired on

| | |
|---|---|
| LONDON | HONG KONG |
| PARIS, | BERLIN |

FRANKFORT ON THE MAIN

## THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK
## OF PORTLAND.

**Designated Depositary and Financial Agent United States.**

President HENRY FAILING,
Cashier JAMES STEEL.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN COIN OR CURRENCY subject to check at sight.
INTEREST ALLOWED on Time Deposits of Coin
LETTERS OF CREDIT issued available in the Atlantic Cities
SIGHT EXCHANGE AND TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS payable in Coin or Currency for sale on NEW YORK, SAN FRANCISCO, CHICAGO, ST LOUIS
SIGHT or SIXTY DAY BILLS drawn in sums to suit direct on
LONDON, PARIS,
BERLIN FRANKFORT ON THE MAIN

THE

## BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

**Incorporated by Royal Charter.**

**Paid up Capital.........$2,000,000**

WITH POWER TO INCREASE TO

**$10,000 000.**

HEAD OFFICE—5 East India Avenue, Leadenhall Street, London.

**BRANCHES**

In Vancouver Island, British Columbia, San Francisco and Portland.

**AGENCIES**

In New York, Canada, Scotland and Ireland.

Exchange for Sale on

**England, Ireland, Scotland, New York and Canada.**

INTEREST ALLOWED on Time Deposits at the rate of SIX (6) PER CENT. PER ANNUM for periods of three months and upwards.
Approved Bills discounted or Collected. Loans made on available collaterals.

FREDK. TOWNSEND,
Acting Manager

### LAW CARDS.

**ELLIS G. HUGHES,**
**ATTORNEY AT LAW,**
Room 1 Ankeny's Building, Portland

**HUELAT & EASTHAM,**
**ATTORNEYS AT LAW,**
PORTLAND—In Opitz's new Brick 80 First street.
OREGON CITY—Charman's Brick up stairs

WM. C SIMPSON JNO B WALDO
**SIMPSON & WALDO,**
**ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,**
No 12 Dekum's Building

**WHALLEY & FECHHEIMER,**
**Attorneys at Law,**
rooms Nos. 7 and 8 in Glisan's Building, corner First and Ash Streets Portland

**F. A. CHENOWETH,**
**Attorney-at-Law—Corvallis, Oregon.**

### HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

## ST. CHARLES HOTEL,

**Cor Front and Morrison Sts, Portland, O.**

**PERKINS & COGGAN, Proprietors.**

The only First Class Fire Proof Hotel in the City
CONTAINING 100 WELL FURNISHED ROOMS

**Free Coach to and from the House.**

## CLARENDON HOTEL,

**ZIEBER & KNOWLES,**

**Proprietors.**

Opposite the Railroad and Steamship Offices
Street Cars pass the House every five minutes
**Free Coach to and from the House.**

### South Fourth Street.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the assessment made by Ordinance No 1716 for the improvement of South Fourth street in the manner provided by Ordinances No 1704 and 1712 on each of the following described lots fronting upon that part of south Fourth street lying between Lincoln and Caruthers streets as well as those liable for a proportionate share of improving the intersections of streets running at right angles therewith and remaining unpaid at this date is due and payable at the office of the City Treasurer in United States gold and silver coin and unless paid within fifteen days from the date hereof the Common Council will order warrants issued for the collection thereof

| Block | Lot | Owner | Assessment |
|---|---|---|---|
| 19 | 5 6 7 8 | I E Vansant | $180 90 |
| 18 | 7, 8 | Mrs S A Joyce | 55 61 |
| | 6 | J H Lewis | 27 03 |
| | [illegible] | J K Wal[illegible] | 18 06 |
| 17 | 6 7 8 | Arthur Tuble | 111 14 |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | Mrs Minerva Carter | 121 [illegible] |
| [illegible] | 1 2 | F E W Stemme | 55 71 |
| | | Estate of C F Wiegand | [illegible] 77 |
| 21 | [illegible] | S A Stansbury | 83 06 |
| | W ½ 1 | J Hill [illegible] | 7 02 |
| | 4 | H J Darling | [illegible] 57 |
| | | | $[illegible]76 1[illegible] |

By order of the Common Council
W S CALDWELL
Auditor and Clerk
February 28 1876 f[illegible]

### State Treasurer's Third Notice.

TREASURER'S OFFICE
SALEM Feb 9 1876

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THERE are funds in the Treasury for the payment of [illegible] State Warrants issued in 1874 to wit [illegible]

Interest on the above warrants will cease from this date.

[illegible] are informed that they were advertised [illegible] and that interest ceased thereon [illegible]

A H BROWN
State Treasurer

## Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express.

HAVING ESTABLISHED OFFICES IN ALL parts of Oregon Washington [illegible] we are prepared to do a General Express and [illegible] business in all its branches.

[illegible] will be called for in any part of the city [illegible] with dispatch to any part of the world through our [illegible] and connecting Express at [illegible] rates

COLLECTIONS MADE and [illegible] for Furchase of Goods [illegible]

We shall continue to DRAW EXCHANGE as usual on all the principal cities of the United States the Canadas and Europe and to sell TELEGRAPHIC EXCHANGE when desired

WELLS FARGO & CO

### ASSESSMENT

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT ON THE 28th day of February A D 1876 an Assessment (No 2) of five cents on each share of the capital stock of the Oregon Quartz Mill and Mining Company was levied payable on or before the 30th day of March 1876 at the secretary's office Room No 6 in Dekum Building Portland Oregon

H B NORTHUP
Secretary O Q M & M Co
Portland, March 1 1876 m2d10t

### RAILROADS.

## Oregon & California R. R. Co

To Take Effect Sunday, Aug. 2d, 1874, at 4 A. M.

DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAY),
As follows:

**PORTLAND AND ROSEBURG**

| LEAVE | | ARRIVE | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Portland | 7 30 A M | Roseburg | 7 10 P |
| Roseburg | 5 00 A M | Portland | 4 15 P |

**ALBANY EXPRESS TRAIN.**

DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAYS)
As follows

| LEAVE | | ARRIVE | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Portland | 3 60 P M | Albany | 8 25 P M |
| Albany | 5 30 A M | Portland | 10 05 A M |

**FREIGHT TRAINS**

DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAYS) AS FOLLOWS

| LEAVE | | ARRIVE | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Portland | 6 15 A M | Junction | 6 00 P M |
| Junction | 5 45 A M | Portland | 5 15 P M |

The Oregon and California Railroad Ferry makes connection with all Regular Trains

Close connections are made at ROSEBURG with the Stages of the Oregon and California Stage Company

☞ Tickets for Sale to all the principal points in California and the East at Company's Office,

**Cor. F and Front Sts., at Ferry Landing**

PORTLAND

Storage will be charged on freight remaining in Warehouse over 24 hours
Freight will not be received for shipment after 5 o'clock P M

J BRANDT Jr Gen'l Sup't
E P ROGERS
Gen'l Freight and Passenger Agent.

## Northern Pacific Railroad.

PACIFIC DIVISION

**KALAMA TO TACOMA.**

DAILY (SUNDAYS EXCEPTED)

| LEAVE | | ARRIVE | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Kalama | 11 20 A M | Tacoma | 5 00 P M |
| Tacoma | 7 00 A M | Kalama | 12 30 P M |

CONNECTIONS

**At Kalama** with O S N Co's Boats for all points on Columbia River

**At Tenino** with stages for Olympia

**At Tacoma** with Steamers for Seattle Olympia and all other points on Puget Sound.

On Saturday and Wednesday at 6 A M with steamers for Port Townsend Victoria, Nanaimo New Westminster and Fraser River

And on the 1[illegible]th and 30th of each month for SAN FRANCISCO with Pacific Mail Steamship Co's first class Iron Screw Steamship

**CITY OF PANAMA.**

Through fare from Portland to San Francisco
Cabin $25 00 | Steerage $12 00

Through Tickets for sale at the office of the O S N Co Portland Or

J W SPRAGUE,
General Superintendent
R W FAIRWEATHER
General Ticket Agent

### EDUCATIONAL.

For Business Training of Both Sexes.

## NATIONAL BUSINESS COLLEGE.

H M DeFRANCE, Pres. W L WHITE Sec

GUARANTEES A THOROUGH BUSINESS Education. Day and Evening Sessions Continuous.

For full particulars call at Office or send for N B College Journal sent Free to any address

Address, DeFRANCE & WHITE,
Lock Box 104

### PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

**BARBER & NICKLIN,**
**DENTISTS,**
**With Hatch & Thompson,**
No 100 First Street Portland Oregon

### REMOVAL.

DR. ALFRED KINNEY has removed his Office and Residence to the Northwest corner of Alder and East Park streets (double house), where he can be found at any time

### REMOVAL.

DOCTOR W. B. CARDWELL HAS REmoved his office to the corner of First and Morrison in the same office with Doctor J A Chapman. He can be found at his office at all hours, either day or night when not professionally absent

### REMOVED.

DR STRONG HAS REMOVED TO THE RESIdence, Corner of Fourth and Salmon streets, where he may be found outside of office hours
Office as before, No 5 Dekum's Building j21d1m

### CITY ADVERTISEMENTS.

**Ordinance No. 1739.**

AN ORDINANCE DEFINING THE DUTIES OF the Auditor and Clerk of the city of Portland and fixing the amount of his bond and compensation

The City of Portland does ordain as follows

Section 1 The duties of the Auditor and Clerk of the city of Portland are such as are prescribed by the city charter and by ordinance.

Section 2 The Auditor's office shall be kept open on the usual business days from 9 A M until 4 o'clock P M

Section 3 The Auditor shall keep proper records and books of accounts showing all his doings as Auditor and Clerk and shall keep and preserve all books papers and documents not properly in the custody of any other officer of the city

Section 4 The Auditor and Clerk shall give a bond with good and sufficient sureties to be approved by the Mayor in the sum of twenty five thousand dollars conditioned for the faithful discharge of the duties of his office. The Mayor is hereby made the custodian of said bond

Section 5 The salary of the Auditor and Clerk shall be twenty four hundred dollars per annum to date from the first day of January 1876, and be payable monthly

Section 6 Ordinance No 148 entitled An Ordinance prescribing certain duties of the Auditor and Clerk of the city of Portland and fixing his salary and Ordinances amending the same and Ordinance No 1[illegible] entitled An Ordinance requiring a bond from the Auditor and Clerk of the city of Portland are hereby repealed

Passed the Common Council February 18 1876
W S CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk
Approved February 18 1876
J A CHAPMAN
Mayor
fe[illegible]

**Ordinance No. 1735.**

AN ORDINANCE MAKING APPROPRIATIONS out of the General Fund

The City of Portland does ordain as follows

Section 1 The following sums are hereby appropriated out of the General Fund to the several objects hereinafter named to be expended under the provisions of Ordinance No [illegible] or in such other manner as the Common Council may by ordinance provide, viz

For pay of City Assessor one hundred and ninety two dollars

For chain bearers and other assistants to the City surveyor one thousand dollars

For improving [illegible] streets in front of public property [illegible] thousand dollars

For [illegible] setting out trees [illegible] and other improvements to the public grounds [illegible] dollars

For [illegible] sewers and ditches [illegible] in front of public property and the removal of nuisances two hundred and fifty dollars

For [illegible]

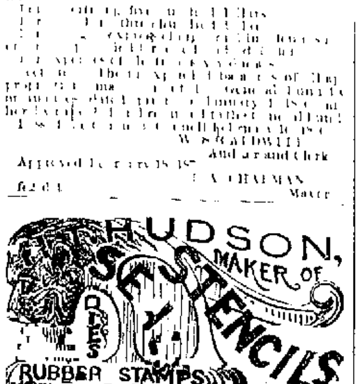
For [illegible] hundred dollars

For street monuments boxes and covers fifty dollars

For [illegible] hundred dollars

[illegible]

Approved February 18 187[illegible]
J A CHAPMAN
Mayor
fe[illegible]



45 First Street, Portland, Oregon.

### OCEAN STEAMERS.

## FOR SAN FRANCISCO, DIRECT.

**CARRYING U. S. MAILS.**

THE OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S Steamer

**AJAX.**

FRED BOLLES Commander

Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf at Foot of F street, for the above port

**THURSDAY, MARCH 9, 1876,**
At 2 o'clock P M

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company corner F and Front streets
GEO W WEIDLER, Agent.

## For PORT TOWNSEND, VICTORIA, NANAIMO, FORT WRANGLE and SITKA.

**CARRYING U. S. MAILS.**

THE OREGON STEAMSHIP CO'S Steam Propeller

**CALIFORNIA,**

JOHN HAYES Commander,

Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf at foot of F street for the above ports,

**TUESDAY, MARCH 7, 1876,**
At 5 o'clock P M

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner of F and Front streets
GEO W WEIDLER, Agent.

## PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.

**FOR SAN FRANCISCO.**

VIA TACOMA

THE FIRST CLASS IRON STEAMSHIP

**CITY OF PANAMA.**

Passengers for San Francisco via Victoria will leave Portland per Steamer "Emma Hayward" on **WEDNESDAY, MARCH 1, AT 6 A. M.**
THROUGH FARE, from Portland to San Francisco
Cabin $25 00 | Steerage $12 00
Tickets for sale at Office **Oregon Steam Navigation Company,** corner Front and Ash streets up stairs
Through Tickets sold to China Sandwich Islands, Australia New Zealand Panama and New York

### RIVER STEAMERS.

## NOTICE.

FROM AND AFTER JAN. 31ST until further notice the Steamer E. N. COOKE will leave her dock foot of F street, every day (Sundays excepted), at 2.30 P. M for Oregon City.

Passengers for Dayton and intermediate points will take cars at Portland at 7.30, connecting at Canemah on Monday and Thursday of each week.

**Rates of Freight Greatly Reduced.**

All freights delivered in Portland free of drayage.

Freight forwarded to Astoria with dispatch

J. D BILES, Agent

THE WILLAMETTE

## Transportation and Locks Co's

STEAMERS leave PORTLAND from the [illegible] Wharf, between Washington and A[illegible] streets, as follows

**FOR DAYTON**—Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 7 A M

**FOR ALBANY**—Monday, Tuesday Thursday and Friday, at 6 A. M.

**FOR CORVALLIS and HARRISBURG**—Monday and Thursday, at 6 A. M.

### For Lightering and Towing of Vessels

Between Portland and Astoria apply at the office of the Company, near corner of Front and Washington streets

FRANK T DODGE Agent.

## Oregon Steam Navigation Co.'s

**PASSENGER SCHEDULE.**

PASSENGERS LEAVE PORTLAND **FOR DALLES**—Daily, (except Sunday) at 5 o'clock A M

**FOR WALLULA**—Monday and Friday at 5 A M

**FOR KALAMA and TACOMA**—Daily (Sundays excepted) at 6 A M

**FOR VICTORIA**—Wednesday and Saturday at 6 A M

**FOR SEATTLE**—Tuesday Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 6 A M

**FOR ASTORIA**—Daily, (except Sunday,) at 6 A M

**For Cathlamet, Bay View and Skomockaway**—Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 6 A M.

**For Westport, Manhattan and Clifton**—Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 6 A M

**For KNAPPA**—Thursday at 6 A M.

J C AINSWORTH President.

## Portland & Vancouver Packet.

**THE STEAMER VANCOUVER,**

JAS T. GRAY, Master,

WILL LEAVE DAILY FROM FOOT OF ALder Street for Vancouver at 2 30 P M
Returning leave Vancouver at 8 A. M.
For freight or passage apply on board
**Towing** done between 10 30 A. M, and 2 P M., daily except Sundays

### NOTICE IN BANKRUPTCY.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE THAT ON THE twenty fifth day of February A D 1876 a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of Thomas Frazer of the city of Portland in the county of Multnomah and State of Oregon who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt to him or for his use and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law, that a meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his estate will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy to be holden at Room No 8 in Dekum's Building Portland Oregon before H B Northup Register, on the tenth day of March A D 1876 at 10 o'clock A M

DANIEL J MALARKEY
U S Marshal as Messenger
m[illegible]

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the District of Oregon—In the matter of C B Comstock J J Scoggins and C B Comstock & Co bankrupts. This is to give notice that I will file my final account as Assignee of the estate of C B Comstock J J Scoggins and C B Comstock & Co, in said Court and that on the 2d day of April next at 2 o'clock P M there will be held a final meeting in said estates before H B Northup Esq Register in Bankruptcy Room No 8 Dekum's Building Portland Oregon at which time I shall apply to said Court for the settlement of my said accounts and for the discharge of all liability as Assignee in said estates according to the provisions of the bankrupt law of the United States

L BROOKE Assignee
Portland March [illegible] 1876

### State Treasurer's Fourth Notice.

TREASURER'S OFFICE
SALEM Feb [illegible]

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THERE are funds in the Treasury for the payment of the following State Warrants issued in 1874 [illegible]

[illegible] will cease from the date of this [illegible]

A H BROWN
State Treasurer

### NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE CO[illegible] existing between James [illegible] and [illegible] Brown [illegible] the firm name of Fairfowl & Brown has been dissolved [illegible]

JAMES G FAIRFOWL

### NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE CO[illegible] existing between J G Fairfowl and J A Brown under the firm name of Fairfowl & Brown has been mutually dissolved and I will not be responsible in any manner for any debt hereafter contracted by James G Fairfowl in the name of said firm or otherwise

Portland Feb 21 1876 J A BROWN
fe25d2w

DISTRICT OF OREGON ss—The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of James Allen of the county of Polk and State of Oregon within said district who has been adjudged a bankrupt on creditors petition, by the District Court of said District

m3 law [illegible] JULIUS KRAMMER Assignee

---

[illegible] N. W. SPAU[illegible] Saw-Smithing & [illegible] ESTABLISHMENT, 17 and 19 Fremont st[illegible] tween Front and [illegible] SAN FRANCISCO.

N. W. SPAULDING'S PATENT [illegible] inserted in circular saws [illegible] REPAIRING, in all its [illegible] ming, Re-Toothing, Straightening [illegible] CIRCULAR SAWS of all sizes [illegible] Muley, Gang, Buck, [illegible] kinds together with a good [illegible] bours at lowest market rates. Cast-steel faced PLANER KNIVES [illegible] ING CUTTERS always on hand [illegible] short notice. N. B.—KNAPP, BURRELL [illegible] mission Merchants, Portland, [illegible] authorized Agents for [illegible] Orders sent through them [illegible] wise filled at same rates as if [illegible]

AGAIN VICTO[illegible]

For Best Billiards [illegible]

AWARDED TO

P. LIESENF[illegible]

371 MARKET STREET [illegible]

Also the Highest Medal at the [illegible] bition of Sydney, Aus[illegible]

N B—I beg to call the attention [illegible] my highly improved Bevel [illegible] California-Elastic Pool Tables [illegible] Monitors, Pigeon Holes, and [illegible] ja[illegible]

Altera[illegible]

**To Purify the Blood** [illegible] **Alterative.** It acts [illegible] blood, stimulating the [illegible] overcoming the ob[illegible] pores of the skin, and [illegible] healthy glow to the [illegible] Pimples, Pustules, Tet[illegible] Diseases of all kin[illegible] Affections, Tumors, [illegible] ties of complaints ar[illegible] praved or disordered [illegible] fectually eradicated by [illegible]

**Scrofula in all its For[illegible]** by the persistent use of [illegible] **Alterative.** It destroys [illegible] ous principle which or[illegible] fula, and ultimately d[illegible] the system. It will re[illegible] ments of the Glands o[illegible] is a safe remedy in ca[illegible] or Sores of all kinds.

**Dropsy and Dropsical S[illegible]** effectually cured by **Dr.** [illegible] **terative.** By stimulati[illegible] of the absorbents, all [illegible] careous depositions [illegible] carried off, toning u[illegible] the same time, by [illegible] digestive organs and [illegible] Liver, Kidneys, &c. [illegible] functions. For Dys[illegible] Complaint it has pro[illegible] and it has established [illegible] of Epilepsy. It may be [illegible] on by any one needing [illegible] to build up the system, [illegible] blood, or to restore the [illegible] of the Secretive Organs [illegible]

T. A. DAVIS & CO., Whol[illegible] Oregon.

**YOUNG [illegible]**

Who may be suffering from the [illegible] ful follies or indiscretion, will [illegible] themselves of this the greatest [illegible] at the altar of suffering hu[illegible] NEY will guarantee to for[illegible] case of seminal weakness, or [illegible] any kind or character which [illegible] and fails to cure. He would, [illegible] the unfortunate sufferer who [illegible] tice, that you are treading [illegible] ground when you longer del[illegible] proper remedy for your com[illegible] be in the first stage: remem[illegible] proaching the last. If you are [illegible] the last and are suffering [illegible] fects remember that if you [illegible] nation, the time must come [illegible] skillful physician can render [illegible] when the door of hope will [illegible] you when no angel of mercy [illegible] lief. In no case has the [illegible] cess. Then let not despair [illegible] imagination but avail yourself [illegible] results of his treatment before [illegible] yond the reach of medical sk[illegible] death hurries you to a prema[illegible] course of treatment $25.00. Post Office order or Express [illegible] tion of the case. Call, or addr[illegible] DR. A. B. [illegible] No 11 Kearny Stre[illegible]

**To the Unfort[illegible]**

DR. [illegible] DISP[illegible] 623 [illegible] Established [illegible] ment of Sexu[illegible] eases, such as [illegible] Stricture, Sy[illegible] Seminal W[illegible] Skin Disea[illegible] cured, or no [illegible]

SEMINAL WEAK[illegible]

Seminal Emissions, the conse[illegible] This solitary vice, or depraved [illegible] practiced by the youth of both [illegible] unlimited extent producing wit[illegible] ty, the following train of morbid [illegible] combatted by scientific medical [illegible] low countenance dark spots under [illegible] the head ringing in the ears, noise [illegible] of leaves and rattling of chariots [illegible] the loins, weakness of the limbs [illegible] blunted intellect, loss of confid[illegible] approaching strangers, a dislike [illegible] quaintances disposition to shun [illegible] memory, hectic flushes, pimples [illegible] tions about the face, furred [illegible] coughs consumption, night sweats [illegible] frequent insanity

CURED AT HOME.

Persons at a distance may be CURED at [illegible] by addressing a letter to Dr. Gib[illegible] symptoms length of time the d[illegible] and have medicines promptly for[illegible] damage and curiosity, to any part [illegible] with full and plain directions [illegible] Dollars coin in registered letter [illegible] office or through Wells, Fargo & Co [illegible] medicine will be forwarded to [illegible] Union. Address DR. J. F. [illegible] Box 1,957, San [illegible]

A BOOK FOR THE M[illegible]

MARRIAGE GUIDE.

[illegible] Address Dr. Butts' Di[illegible]

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WILLIAM S. LADD, [illegible] PHILIP C SCHUYLER, [illegible] MATTHEW P DEADY, [illegible] H W CORBETT, [illegible] W. H. BRACKETT, [illegible]

M. P. Deady, P[illegible] H. Failing, Vice P[illegible] P. C. Schuyler, J[illegible] M. W. Fechheimer, Co[illegible] Henry A. Oxer, Librarian [illegible]

VOL: XVI—NO. 3[illegible]

EASTERN NEWS

(BY TELEGRAPH TO THE OREGONIAN [illegible]

Fatal Accident on the Baltimore a[illegible] Railway.

BALTIMORE March 7—Last night, betwe[illegible] o'clock while way freight train with [illegible] ger car attached was crossing the bridg[illegible] narrow passage on the Harper's Ferry an[illegible] branch of the Baltimore and Ohio railway [illegible] from Harper's Ferry the middle span [illegible] and the engine tender and train fell thr[illegible] was wrecked. The following are the nam[illegible] killed W A Wightman Edinburgh [illegible] Noel McJackson Va R E Hammond, [illegible] son Va R I Wood Richmond Va C [illegible] son Berkley Springs member of the West [illegible] legislature [illegible] A Baldwin Baltimore [illegible] Winchester [illegible] Bowers, commercial [illegible] Baltimore [illegible] Doran engineer Sandy H[illegible] J D Chapman and F Jefferson, braken[illegible] chester Va Six persons were wounded [illegible] Bernard Hughes of Wisconsin. The bod[illegible] killed were immediately sent to Winch[illegible] placed in charge of the undertaker, an[illegible] sent to the relatives and friends of the de[illegible]

C. P. Marsh Preparing a full St[illegible]

BOSTON March 7—Caleb P Marsh, now [illegible] said to a newspaper man, he was pr[illegible] full statement for the press concerning [illegible]

Money and Stocks.

NEW YORK March 7—Gold closed at [illegible] money, 2 governments, active and low[illegible] active and weak, Western Union, 68⅞, Q[illegible] Pacific Mail, 21½; Mariposa 7¼ We[illegible] New York Central 115¼ Erie 18, Pa[illegible] [illegible] 67, do bonds, 15½, C. P. bonds, 108[illegible]

Injunction Dissolved.

Judge Davis to-day dissolved the inju[illegible] [illegible] the Panama R R. Co. from esta[illegible] a steamer line to the Pacific Mail.

CONGRESSIONAL.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, March 7—Frelinghuysen [illegible] bill for the protection of agricultu[illegible] injurious insects which authorized the [illegible] the Interior, the secretary of Smithso[illegible] tute and the Commissioner of Agricultu[illegible] point a commissioner having the requ[illegible] and practical knowledge, to inves[illegible] gather information relative to the Rocky [illegible] locust chinch bug, army worm, Hessian [illegible] and other insects injurious to vegetat[illegible] to devise successful methods for thei[illegible]

Logan spoke in opposition to the bill. Edmunds moved to amend by striki[illegible] clause authorizing the Secretary of the In[illegible] secretary of the Smithsonian Institute [illegible] Commissioner of Agriculture to appoint [illegible] sioner and insert, the President of the Un[illegible] and with the consent of the Senate, a[illegible] Morton moved to amend so as to make [illegible] extend to the cotton worm, agre[illegible] Logan submitted an amendment prov[illegible] the investigation shall be made by the A[illegible] Department instead of by a special comm[illegible] argued that the agricultura[illegible] sioner could make investigation, and [illegible] accomplish the same result as if a specia[illegible] sioner was appointed.

The question then being on the ame[illegible] Logan, providing that an investigation b[illegible] the commissioner of agriculture, agreed [illegible] nays 28. The bill was then read a [illegible] and passed.

Hitchcock moved that the bill to enab[illegible] of New Mexico to form a constitu[illegible] State government and for the admissi[illegible] State into the Union on an equal footin[illegible] original States, be committed to the com[illegible] territories; agreed to.

Paddock introduced a bill to amend [illegible] of the revised statutes of the United Sta[illegible] to the appointment of army sutlers [illegible] vests the appointment of post trad[illegible] commanding the department, [illegible] are situated, instead of in the Secretary [illegible] A long discussion took place.

House.

Walling from the committee on public [illegible] reported a bill to amend the homestead a[illegible] authorizing proofs of residence, occupatio[illegible] tion, etc, to be made before a judge of [illegible] of record in the county and state in [illegible] lands are situated. After discussion, the b[illegible] Crounse from the same committee, [illegible] bill declaring subject to State taxation [illegible] heretofore granted to the Pacific railroa[illegible] [illegible]. After some debate the bill was am[illegible] so as to make it applicable to land grant [illegible] and was passed.

Clymer, rising to a question of privileg[illegible] a subpœna had been served on him last [illegible] by the supreme court of the Distri[illegible] Columbia, acting as a criminal court, to a[illegible] before that court and bring with him a[illegible] books, documents, etc., and to testify wi[illegible] to the charges pending in that court ag[illegible] Secretary of War. Two of his colleag[illegible] Robbins and Blackburn, had been similarly su[illegible] He (Clymer) had appeared before [illegible] and had stated before it that in [illegible] law he appeared at its bar to [illegible] but that as a member of the com[illegible] the House, he felt it would be prejudic[illegible] highest interests of the country that his c[illegible] and himself should be compelled to state [illegible] transpired in their committee room. He [illegible] such a course would not only close the m[illegible] all witnesses, but in many cases would dr[illegible] from the land. He had said furthern[illegible] while not pleading their privileges as me[illegible] the House they must nevertheless prote[illegible] being examined, and would only consen[illegible] examined after an order being made sp[illegible] that end by the court. The court had ta[illegible] for deliberation and had determined [illegible] needed their attendance hereafter, to [illegible] them. He had felt it his duty to bring th[illegible] to the attention of the House in order [illegible] House might take such action as might [illegible] just and necessary.

Blaine asked Clymer if the court h[illegible] or had desired to ask, for any [illegible] mation not contained in the publi[illegible] ports and was not a matter o[illegible] and of general notoriety. He could very [illegible] conceive that the gentleman from Pen[illegible] might not wish to be called upon in tha[illegible] testify to what was still a committee se[illegible] what point of delicacy could arise as to t[illegible] facts, which were as common as history co[illegible] them, he could not see.

Clymer replied the court had not propo[illegible] them any question at all. They were [illegible] examined before the grand jury. If the [illegible] were to have been asked by the court in[illegible] of the public he might not have ha[illegible] an objection but he and his colleague[illegible] felt that if they were to go before a g[illegible] whose proceedings were necessarily sec[illegible] that would strike terror everywhere throu[illegible] land and would close all avenues of te[illegible] the House and committees.

Blaine reminded Clymer his own priv[illegible] member protected him, and there was no [illegible] compel him to testify.

Clymer repeated he had stated to the cou[illegible] not intend to plead his privilege, so tha[illegible] not be said he intended to exclude any[illegible] would be rightfully known to the public.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

Khokand Leader Arrested.

ST PETERSBURG, March 6—Late Kho[illegible] vices state that the would be Khan Pulat [illegible] ing fled to the mountains to incite the [illegible] tribes to rise against Russian rule has [illegible] tured and handed over to the authorities.

French Elections.

LONDON March 6 A special dispatch f[illegible] says Dufaure insists that the cabinet b[illegible] exclusively from the party of the left. T[illegible] be no Presidential message when the [illegible] meets to morrow

HOW THE PAINS OF MOXA HAVE BEE[illegible] OBSERVED—The Indianapolis *Sentinel* o[illegible] last reports a lecture on counter irrit[illegible] livered by Dr W B Fletcher before [illegible] cal class in that city, and says "The [illegible] picked up a small bar of iron terrin[illegible] a kind of horse shoe shape [illegible] ceeded to expound the fiction and th[illegible] about that frightful operation known [illegible] 'That piece of iron,' said the Doctor, [illegible] longed to a rare and quaint old friend [illegible] Dr. Fishback. He believed in the pri[illegible] doing as much good to others as poss[illegible] carrying no scrip in your purse and, li[illegible] other workers of benevolence he fina[illegible] an untimely death on a fool's errand [illegible] perform a thankless job of post mo[illegible] remember how he used to call me [illegible] office and give me object lessons in mo[illegible] would heat this iron till it was wh[illegible] then apply it to his back with his own [illegible] He never showed signs of agony or e[illegible] tress at the time, but would frequen[illegible] that its reaction on the nervous sys[illegible] something hard to bear but this was [illegible] till some few days later. The sensation [illegible] cisely what follows the application of [illegible] ice to the nerves. It deadens them [illegible] iron comes down and a little cloud o[illegible] smoke goes up and the pain felt at th[illegible] time of the application is infinitesima[illegible] and nothing dreadful but in the imag[illegible] of the spectators who probably do mo[illegible] suffering than the patient."

A subterranean cavern has been di[illegible] in the vicinity of Dubuque, Iowa, w[illegible] sides containing apparently inexhausti[illegible] of carbonate of lead is remarkably ric[illegible] als and relics